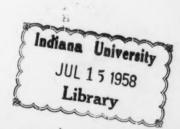
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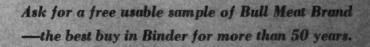
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# The Navional Provisioner

VOLUME 139 JULY 12, 1958 NUMBER 2

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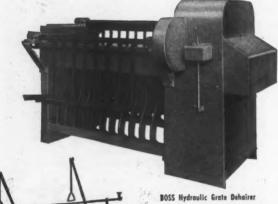
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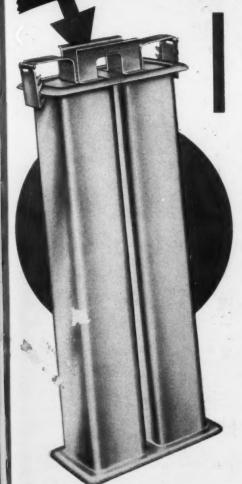
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  Dual Loaf Mold requires up to 30% less cooking time.
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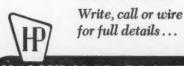
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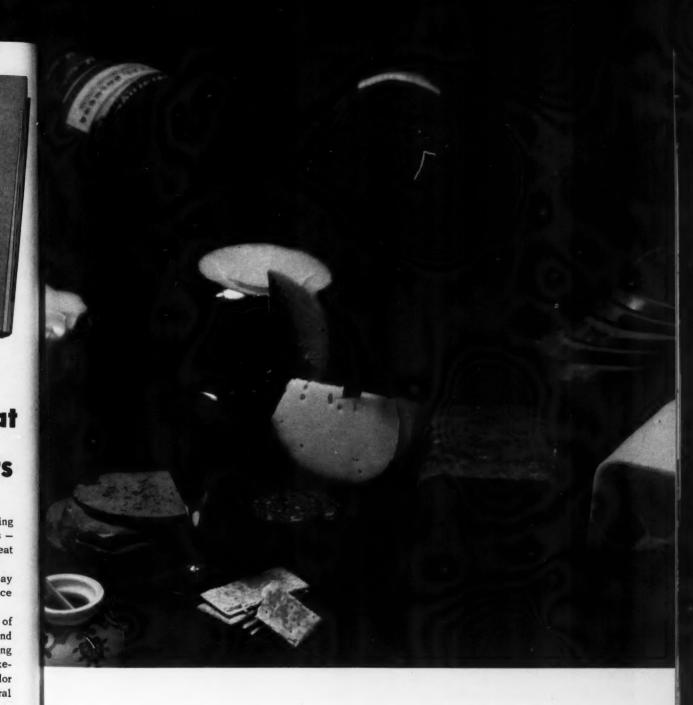
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THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, JULY 12, 1958

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VOL. 139 No. 2

### The Grass Is Green

Although it may appear at first glance that this Provisioner of July 12 is a British Commonwealth issue, with feature articles on a new Canadian meat packing plant and on rendering operations in Australia, their simultaneous appearance in the magazine is largely coincidental.

These two articles do illustrate a point which is true with respect to meat packing operations within a township, a county, a state, a nation or the whole wide world.

No man or company or nation possesses even a partial monopoly on ingenuity and technical know-how, and the individual or group which believes it has such exclusive prowess is due for an eventual awakening a la Sputnik.

Meat packers of the United States have been inclined to consider our industry well ahead of others in most respects. However, we recommend that those who feel so should read the two articles in this magazine, and consider that one of the greatest advances in livestock dressing, and much important processing machinery, have been developed outside our borders within recent years.

We do not contend that some of the practices and devices employed in the Canadian and Australian plants are "better" than ours, but we do believe that they demonstrate ingenuity and technical competence comparable in quality with those found in the United States.

We suggest, also, that the meat packer who hugs to his breast an "exclusive" process in the belief that it is "better" than his competitors, may be deceiving and penalizing himself far more than he is others.

Maybe the grass isn't always greener in the back yard of your neighbor, but often it is fully as green.

### News and Views

Lower Truck rates on fresh meats and packinghouse products from Midwest to Pacific Coast points went into effect this week despite efforts by the Western Livestock & Meat Industry Council and other western groups to head off the reduction by four trucking companies. The new rates are approximately 35c per cwt. below the present rail rates into Oregon, Washington and California. The suspension board of the Interstate Commerce Commission, acting on petitions by the western opponents, had suspended the lower rates and called for a hearing on July 17 and 18 in Kansas City. The board was reversed, however, by Division II of the ICC, which ruled that the new rates should go into effect on July 6 and postponed the hearings in Kansas City until September 16 and 17. The action of Division II was upheld late last week by the full Commission.

Consent Orders in which they agreed to give up an allegedly anti-competitive hog-buying arrangement at the Bourbon Stock Yards, Louisville, have been signed by The Klarer Co. of Louisville; C. F. Vissman Co., Inc., and Louisville Provision Co., both Klarer divisions, and Brooks & Co., Louisville, live-stock dealer, the U. S. Department of Agriculture announced this week. The USDA had charged Klarer, Vissman and Louisville Provision with failing to conduct their buying operations at the yards in competition with all dealers, as required by the Packers and Stockyards Act. Brooks & Co. was charged with entering into an unlawful agreement to sell hogs to Vissman at a set profit of 15c a head. The USDA said the arrangement guaranteed a source of supply for the packing companies and tended to keep prices down by curtailing competition. Signing of the consent orders settled the case.

Highlights Of next month's regional meeting of the Eastern division, National Independent Meat Packers Association, will include the first public demonstration to the meat packing industry of closed circuit television, John A. Killick, NIMPA executive secretary, has announced. The meeting is scheduled for Thursday through Saturday, August 21-23, at the Traymore Hotel, Atlantic City, N. J. Other features will be a question and answer session on NIMPA's new pension and profit-sharing plan and a program on new developments in meat science and technology, to be presented by John E. Thompson, president of Reliable Packing Co., Chicago, and Dr. Walter Maclinn and Dr. Roy E. Morse, both of Rutgers University, New Brunswick, N. J.

A special meeting of the eastern division of the NIMPA Accounting Conference is being called for Saturday morning by chairman Ed Wilson, Stahl-Meyer, Inc., New York City. The meeting will be addressed on "Labor Costs" by Jack Carney, Weiland Packing Co., Phoenixville, Pa. A presentation by Fred Sharpe, NIMPA director of sales training, also is scheduled for Saturday morning. Sharpe will review his current series of sales training courses for sales managers and supervisors and also will discuss personnel management and personnel relations, a new field.

A **Proposal** to inaugurate a new code of ethics or trade practices for the industry was discussed at the recent meeting in Chicago of the intra-industry committee of the American Meat Institute, National Independent Meat Packers Association and the Western States Meat Packers Association. Further discussion of such a code, containing teeth for enforcement, is planned for the next meeting of the committee.



PLANS FOR OPENING session at AMI convention are discussed by Gerald B. Thorne (standing) of Wilson & Co., chairman of AMI producer relations committee, with (L to r.): V. E. Schwaegerle, advertising promotion manager, Homer R. Davison, president, and Paul Zillman (hidden), director of department of livestock, all of AMI; Charles Hughes, livestock economist, Armour and Company, Chicago; Dr. Herrell DeGraff, Babcock professor of economics, Cornell University, and T. W. Glaze, director of agricultural research department, Swift & Company, Chicago. The AMI convention opens on Friday, September 26.

### AMI Annual Meeting to Focus on Changes In Industry and What to Do About Them

"We all talk a lot about the revolution in agriculture, but our job is to analyze what changes have and will occur and to suggest how our industry can adjust itself to those changes," G. B. Thorne, chairman of the American Meat Institute's producer relations committee and vice president of Wilson & Co., Inc., Chicago, explained this week in discussing the committee's preparations for the AMI 53rd annual meeting.

The meeting will open on Friday, September 26, at the Palmer House, Chicago, and close on Tuesday, September 30. The opening session will cover the procurement problems of the meat industry as the annual meeting moves into four days of dramatic presentation and discussion of "The Changing Patterns in Livestock and Meat—and Their Effect on Profits."

Speakers on "Changing Patterns and Their Effect on Livestock" at the opening session will be Homer Davison, president of the Institute; Dr. Herrell DeGraff, Babcock professor of economics, School of Nutrition. Cornell University, and Dr. Robert C. Kramer, agricultural economist and coordinator, Michigan State College.

The AMI producer relations committee held its first in a series of planning meetings early in May, at which time it outlined the program, according to Thorne. Among the changing patterns that will be an-

alyzed and reviewed are those occuring in production practices—numbers, breeds and performance, multiple farrowing, nutrition, etc.

"Our program also will cover what is happening in the various marketing channels and the methods of marketing, contract feeding, meat preservation, tenderization and a number of other important developments that are effecting changes in our operations," Thorne explained.

"The payoff will come when we

try to determine how the industry can adjust profitably to these changes," he said. "That's the purpose of these meetings-what can we suggest to the industry to help it to make more money, a subject which is in the minds of each of us. In DeGraff and Kramer we have two of the top agricultural economists in the nationmen who understand the meat packers' problems as well as those of producers. They and Homer Davison are at home on the platform, and we expect this year's opening session to top anything the Institute has presented in the past."

One reason for the early planning, according to the Institute, is the emphasis that is being placed on graphics, demonstrations, charts and other methods of dramatization. "This one you have to see" is the slogan that the program planning group is employing as it works out the details.

### MID Proposes Definition For 'Lard Shortening;' Would Require Antioxidant Use

B

The director of meat inspection, U. S. Department of Agriculture, has proposed to amend part 28 of the meat inspection regulations, Part 28 would be amended as follows:

Sec. 28.4 Lard shortening; identity: optional ingredients; labeling. (a) Lard shortening is the food fat which is prepared by rendering by an approved process, fresh, clean, sound, fatty tissues from hogs in good state of health at the time of slaughter, Such tissues do not include bones. detached skin, head skin, ears, tails, organs, windpipes, large blood vessels, scrap fat, skimmings, settlings, pressings, and similar material, and are reasonably free from muscle tissue and blood. It shall contain one or more of the antioxidants listed in sec. 18.7 of this subchapter and the amounts used shall be the maximums specified therein.

(b) Lard shortening may contain one or more of the following optional ingredients: 1) Lard stearine; 2) Hydrogenated lard; 3) Mono- and diglycerides of fat-forming fatty acids (except lauric acid), or diacetyl tartaric acid esters of mono- and diglycerides of fat-forming acids (except lauric) or a combination of these. The total weight of mono- and diglycerides, including diacetyl tartaric acid esters of mono- and diglycerides of fat-forming acids, used shall not exceed 20 per cent by weight of the combination of the mono- and diglyceride mixture and the lard shortening, and the total amount of monoglyceride shall not exceed 8 per cent by weight of the combination; 4) Artificial coloring.

(c) 1) The label shall bear the name "lard shortening." 2) When the optional ingredients permitted by paragraph (b) (3) of the section are used, the label shall bear the statement "Mono- and Diglycerides Added." 3) When the optional ingredient permitted by paragraph (b) (4) of this section is used, the label shall bear the statement "Artificially Colored." 4) Whenever the name "Lard Shortening" appears on the label so conspicuously as to be easily seen under customary conditions of purchase, the statements prescribed in subparagraphs (2) and (3) of this paragraph shall immediately and conspicuously precede or follow such name without intervening written,

printed or other graphic matter.

Views on the proposal must be submitted to MID by July 30.

# BURNS' Modern Plant at Prince Albert Ready to Serve Canada's Developing Northern Frontier

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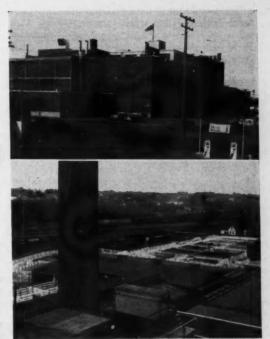
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RIGHT: Exterior of windowless plant. Because of far northern location, roads are sometimes impassable and large pens are needed to hold and feed enough livestock for several day's kill.





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BACK in 1885 Pat Burns got his start in the meat packing business by securing a contract to supply provisions for the Canadian Pacific Railroad branch which was then being built from Regina to Prince Albert, Saskatchewan.

Today, Burns & Co. Limited, successor to the meat packing chain founded by Pat Burns, has built the newest addition to its facilities at

FLOOR PATTERN in driveways provides protection against spreads and falls.

Prince Albert. In doing so, the veteran organization hopes to act as provisioner for the expanding Canadian Northland.

The modern plant, a five-story structure, houses a completely integrated operation in which, through the extensive use of conveyor systems and gravity chutes, a high level of mechanization in materials handling

HEADER above scalding vat is fitted with sprays that can be used to reduce water temperature in emergency. Catwalk provides dry safe footing for the workman.

has been achieved. Livestock are driven to the top slaughter floors. Where practical, gravity is used to carry dressed product to the various processing departments.

In designing the plant, the firm's headquarters engineering department at Calgary, Alberta, which is under the direction of W. A. Smith, general mechanical superintendent, and the general superintendent's staff under Bert Freeman, general superintendent, accomplished several important "firsts."

The Prince Albert unit is said to be the first meat plant to be completely comfort air-conditioned for the winter season by recapturing the waste heat within the plant (details will be given in a later article);

GAMBREL trolleys come to position via a spiral magazine and are held in place by tension. Weight of hog sliding from gambrel conveyor frees the trolley.

the moisture proofed and insulated building walls are designed to prevent deterioration of the outside brick work as a result of escaping moisture, and the plant floats on quicksand.

The present plant was acquired by Burns in 1918. Rebuilt and enlarged several times during the intervening years, it was undergoing major expansion in 1955 when a fire virtually gutted the section under construction as well as much of the existing plant. The new concrete

columns exploded as the moisture within the uncured material expanded into steam, reports George Nies, plant manager. However, Burns management, under president R. S. Munn, decided to build a new plant. This was a great relief to the townsfolk whose major industry is the

Burns packing plant.

CONSTRUCTION: The quicksand bed at the site was the first hurdle to be overcome in building the new packinghouse, says Bill Hayes, plant engineer. A 4-ft. layer of quicksand underlies the entire property and beyond. The top of the quicksand layer is about 8 ft. below grade. The site was walled off from the adjacent ground with sheet piling to prevent seepage and the quicksand was excavated to the desired depth to provide a single level basement, A 3-ft, concrete mat interlaced with 265 tons of steel rods was poured into this area. The fivestory structure was built on top of this floating bed. While the weight of the building may cause some settlement, it is designed to do so as a unit. The floor is a monolithic mat that will move or tilt as a single piece, comments Smith. The frame of the plant is steel-reinforced concrete.

The wall structure is designed to prevent damage caused by moisture moving outward from the damp processing areas to the outside where the air is both dry



TOP: Federal veterinary inspectors examine carcasses and viscera at this point. BOTTOM LEFT: Power saw is used to open brisket, assuring an even and smooth split. RIGHT: Sides are broken down into finished pork cuts along this 80-ft. table top conveyor.



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TOP: Weighed as it is conveyed past scale, hog carcass is then graded by federal employe at right. CENTER: Bellies are injected with this hand-operated unit. BOTTOM: Curing cellar employe checks cover pickle in tierces. In foreground are packs of injected bellies covered with muslin for a better cure.

and low in temperature during the winter months. The condensing moisture slowly but surely would bring about crumbling in the exterior mortar of the building and tend to soak the insulation, robbing it of its efficiency. To eliminate this moisture as it travels through the walls, %-in. weep holes are spaced on 12-in. centers at the junction of the bottom course of glazed tile with the concrete floor curb.

Moisture traveling through the glazed tile is stopped by the waterproof membrane behind it and is drained off through the weep holes before it reaches the structural

wall of 4-in. brick.

Two inches of fibreglas insulation is installed between the inner wall of common brick and the outer face brick wall. The outer 4 in. of brick is supported on 6 x 6 x % in angle irons bolted to the concrete at each floor level. Additional %-in. weep holes are placed in the outer brick wall just above the shelf angle, in case any moisture gets by the inner waterproof membrane. The hollow wall masonry is held together with two-bar copper-weld brick

ties on 24-in. centers horizontally and 16-in. centers vertically. Exterior weep holes are spaced on 8-in. centers.

Smith comments that the masonry wall with its core of insulation and vapor barrier is not expected to stain and deteriorate, as do many packinghouse walls, while R. J. Dinning, chairman of the board and a Canadian industrialist, expects that the protection afforded the plant structure will more than recapture the cost.

FIFTH FLOOR: The plant is a five-story structure with the fifth floor housing the employe dressing rooms, cafeteria, research laboratory and two freezers. These two holding freezers, with others located on third and fourth floors provide the plant with a  $-10^{\circ}$  F. holding capacity of 1,300,000 lbs. Each of these freezers is 80 ft. x 36 ft. To conserve refrigeration their doors front on a common vestibule housing the floor type coolers using pumped ammonia liquid. Ducts extend from the vestibule units into the freezer. The vestibule is entered through a freezer door. The temperature within the vestibule is approx-

BESIDES MOVING down with the split, platform also moves horizontally to keep pace with the rail conveyor.

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enter the freezers. The laundry is equipped with a tumbler, spinner, dryer and mangle. With a three-bed beef kill, and some 350 production employes, the load is large enough to make the laundry a worthwhile investment, declares H. G. Brookwell, plant superintendent. As a

imately 10° F. and,

since the skid loads

of product moving

in or out of the freezers are checked

and readied in this

area, freezer door openings are held to

a minimum and no

great slugs of warm

air are permitted to

federally inspected plant, the house must provide a change for many of

the production employes on a twice weekly basis. The well-equipped quality control laboratory, run by plant chemist Carl Cheney, is used for a host of analytical determinations needed in the manufacture of animal protein supplements, sausage and animal fats. The butter department, which is housed in the basement, has its own control laboratory.

FOURTH FLOOR: On the fourth floor are the combined cattle, hog and small stock killing floor, the beef sales and chill coolers, a beef boning department, a -40° F. blast freezer and two additional -10° holding freezers. The blast freezer is adjacent to the beef boning room and freezes the boned and boxed beef products destined for inventory.

Location of the blast freezer close to the boning department assures maximum yield and minimum handling, says Gordon Mohler, general foreman. The boxed meats move into the freezer immediately so that soluble proteins do not escape in seepage. The customer also is happier with blast-frozen product since his meat does not

carry a crust of ice that he may lose. Meat intended for prolonged holding is moved to the fifth floor freezers during times when the elevator load is light.

Cattle are driven via a totally-enclosed driveway to the fourth floor where they are dressed on a three-bed

line that has room for an additional bed and can be converted for a rail dressing system. The supporting steel work is in place for this conversion.

Two unique pieces of equipment are used on this beef floor which occupies approximate-ly half of the 100 x 85 ft. dressing area. These are a revolving head ring and a splitter's platform.

The head ring is at one end of the beds and adjacent to the head workup section. The washed heads are placed on this ring for inspec-



HOG SIDE of the fresh casing cleaning operation. After cleaning, the beef and hog casings are graded, salted and finally placed in tierce for shipment.

tion and tongue removal. As he needs them, the workup butcher removes the heads from this ring, bringing them to his reach by turning the ring. This eliminates walking on his part and, since the ring is next to the flushing cabinet, the deheading butcher is not required to do any

After the carcass has been eviscerated and skinned it

is pushed onto a runaround finger conveyor that takes it past the splitting, scribing and washing stations and terminates at the scale next to the hot carcass chill cooler.

One butcher mounted on a hydraulic platform moving in both the vertical and horizontal planes does the splitting with a Best & Donovan power saw. The vertical movement permits the splitter to follow his cut from top to bottom while the horizontal move-ment keeps him in line with the moving carcass. While this may seem a

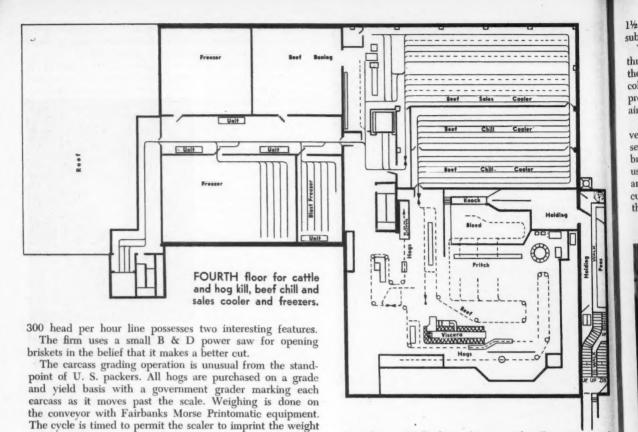


ALTHOUGH sides have just entered chill cooler, there is virtually no mist as it has been dissipated by air movement.

minor point, management attributes part of its high productivity in beef dressing to the setup, says C. E. Simpson, the standards supervisor at the Prince Albert packinghouse.

Hogs are bled, scalded and dehaired on the third floor and conveyed to the fourth for dressing. The conventional

THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, JULY 12, 1958



and other characteristics of the carcass, the grader puts the grade on the ticket. The ticket is also the owner's identification tag and is used by the accounting department to compute the differential due the producer. The farmer receives a basic amount when the hogs are purchased and then, within about a day, is given the balance based on value.

on the yield and grade ticket. After appraisal of the finish

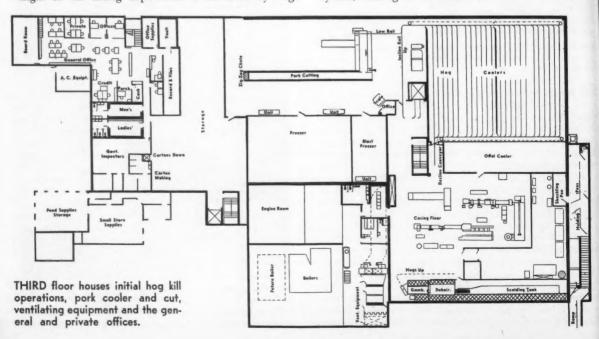
Light in the killing department is furnished by large

incandescent Holophane fixtures. The floor is paved with vitrified brick.

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Hog carcasses are conveyed back to the third floor for chilling, while beef carcasses go into two 250-head fourth floor coolers. These rooms are cooled with Turbo-Chill units from which supersaturated air is moved at high velocity throughout the coolers. Management reports that by the use of this refrigeration system, chilling shrink has been held to a uniform



11/2 per cent, and adds that this gain is not lost during subsequent handling.

The 350-head sales cooler is tiled in white and has throw-out rails between the holding rails. Lights of the spot type are beamed to bring out the finish and color of the meat. Refrigeration in the sales cooler is provided by three floor units which discharge chilled air into the plenum above the rail supports.

Carcasses that are sold as quarters or sides are conveyed down to the second or ground floor order assembly room while others are moved into the nearby breaking and boning room. A Superior band saw is used to break the sides for the boners while Biro saws are employed to make portion control cuts. Primal cuts and boxed portion control meats are moved via the elevator to the order assembly room.

THIRD FLOOR: One wing of the third floor houses the general and pri-



PACKING TABLE equipped with reversible belt conveyor is used for packaging sliced bacon or skinless franks.

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vate offices. The refrigerated block includes a 2,000-head hog chill cooler, a blast freezer and a holding freezer. To the rear are the offal cooler and the area used for cleaning hog and beef casings, while facilities for sticking, bleeding, scalding and dehairing hogs are arranged in an "L" along two sides. The engine room catwalk forms a part of this floor and on it are located a central hot water heater and

the heat exchange air conditioning equipment. Hogs are driven to the third floor via a covered ramp

from the pens and feeding sheds. During the winter months the roads of the countryside may be snowbound for days at a time and the plant has enough pen space so that it can buy and house thousands of animals when producers are able to market them.

The floor of the driveway from the pens to the killing floor is poured concrete topped with vitrified brick set in a zig-zag and up and down pattern to provide good footing. A shuttle gate at the third floor level is used to direct hogs to the shackling pen on this level

and cattle to the knocking pen on the fourth floor.
Shackles are carried back from the scalding vat dropoff to the shackling pen by a light conveyor. Besides solving a transportation problem, the conveyor has eliminated damage to the trolleys and reduced

the maintenance required.

The scalding vat is 60 ft. long and is equipped with two dunker bars and a circulating pump to propel the hogs forward. A 5-in. water pipe fitted with spray heads runs above the scalding vat. In the event of line failure ahead of the vat, these sprays can lower the temperature of the vat water to a safe level in a few minutes and prevent over-scalding.

The scalding vat operator moves about on his safety steel catwalk in comparative comfort because of the plant's ventilation system. This is a major point at which spent heat is captured for winter heating and at all times the air circulation is good.

Hogs are dehaired in an Anco U-bar unit and discharged onto a gambrel conveyor. A rail magazine feeds the trolleys into position for the gam stick inserter. A restrainer holds each trolley until the weight of the

gambreled hog pulls it free as it falls from the table top conveyor. The galvanized gam sticks are held in a steel basket that is lifted into position with a portable hoist.

Hog hair is hydrolyzed with steam and caustic soda in a large steel tank into which the hair is chuted from the screen of the dehairer. The caustic soda is added at the end of the day's kill when the tank is placed on cook.

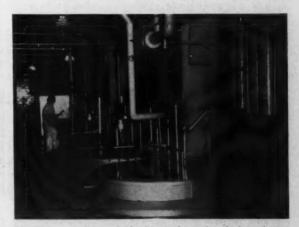
A finger conveyor carries the dehaired hogs to the fourth floor for dressing and another conveyor brings the dressed carcasses back to the third



VAT IS USED to hydrolyze hog hair from the day's kill. Hair discharges directly into this tank from killing floor via chute.

floor coolers and feeds directly past the hog bays. One employe cuts out the oncoming hogs and pushes them into position on weight range rails. The hogs are conveyed from the cooler to the hog cutting line which can handle up to 150 head per hour. Primal cuts, such as bellies, are chuted to the curing cellar, while fat is chuted to the room from which the edible rendering tanks are charged.

The pork cutting line is "L" shaped with the carcass being broken into basic cuts at the base of the "L" and then gliding off onto the stem of the "L," which is an 80-ft. table top conveyor equipped with side cutting boards. Pork items destined for the freezer are wrapped at the point of cut and then moved into the blast freezer. Both the pork cut and the beef bon-ing departments have their own freezers to minimize



BATTERY of settling and blending tanks used in lard production is located close to the plasticizing and packaging machinery.

handling as well as to protect the yield and quality.

The third floor casing cleaning lines are equipped with Anco machinery. The casings are cleaned, graded and salted in one continuous process.

SECOND FLOOR: The second or ground floor houses processing and sausage manufacturing operations, rendering, order assembly and loading, the power plant and

the receiving station for milk and eggs.

The fresh meat cooler opens directly into the sausage grinding and mixing room with its grinder, two mixers, a silent cutter and an ice maker. Meats move to the cutter from a batching station via conveyor. The grinder discharges directly into pans resting on the conveyor-high platform of a movable scale. The pans are shoved from the scale platter onto the roller conveyor and thence to the cutter. Since the scale is portable, the grinder is also used to prepare meat in advance when it is discharged into sausage trucks. By grinding to order for the cutter, the productivity of the department has been increased materially, asserts Brookwell. This ground meat is not shoveled an extra time.

In the three-table stuffing operation the firm uses a Famco linker for fresh pork sausage and two Linker Machine units for skinless franks. Cooking vats and kettles



SLOTTED TANK is used to accumulate inedible material from hasher and hog. Employe pushes material into blow tank below.

line the back part of the room. These units are vented and contribute their warmth to the main heating system. An overhead rail system connects the stuffing tables with the fresh meat holding cooler and the smokehouse area. Stuffed product is scaled and then moved into one of six



LARD CARTONS are machine-formed, filled and closed and then the cartons are packed by hand into shipping containers.

Julian smokehouses installed by McLean Machinery. The houses have a capacity of 32 cages.

After shower chilling, the cages are moved into the order assembly room or into the packaging holding cooler. The order assembly room has a rail storage area of approximately 70 ft. x 110 ft. New stock is moved in from the rear and orders are filled from the front.

In order assembly the firm uses the weigher and runner technique. The runners have a two-basket pickup buggy developed by the standards department, states Simpson. Just above the handle bar is a table-like extension with a clip board to hold the order. The runner knows locations for both stick and boxed items. If the orders are small he places two orders on his clip board and uses the top basket of the truck to hold one order and the bottom for the other. When the order is filled the runner leaves the buggy at the checker's station, who weighs the items and places them in a fibreboard shipping container. The boxed products move forward to the check weighing and shipping stations where the checker compares the weight with the billing and places the orders on a skid.

Management believes the order buggy solves one of the drawbacks of the scaler-runner system, namely, idle time on the part of the runner. With the buggies the runners work at their own pace independently of the scaler who also does his job without waiting for the runner to bring a specific item to the scale. With the buggy the runner

[Continued on page 42]



RIGHT: Operating executives whose ideas were incorporated in the new plant included: H. G. Brookwell, plant superintendent, and Bill Hayes, plant engineer, both of Prince Albert, and W. A. Smith, general mechanical superintendent, and B. Freeman, gen-



eral superintendent, both of Calgary. LEFT: Executives are happy over the spread their plant opening received in the "Prince Albert Daily Herald." They are managers E. Crowston, provisions; F. W. Thompson, feeds; G. H. Nies, plant, and L. F. Carlson, sales.

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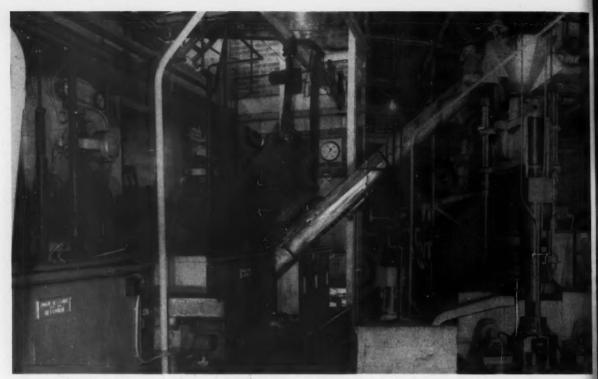
CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Montour, Ltd., Montreal 10

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THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, JULY 12, 1958

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INSIDE VIEW showing manner in which percolator baskets tilt inward and the relationship of conveyor systems to cookers and presses.

## **Australian Rendering Plant Mechanized**

A LTHOUGH the continent is "down under," the rendering technology of Australia is "on top." Some of the new Australian rendering plants possess a high degree of functional automation. Materials flow from the raw state to the bagged end-product in one continuous process with no manual transportation.

A typical modern rendering installation is that of R. J. Gilbertson Pty. Ltd., West Newport, Victoria, which

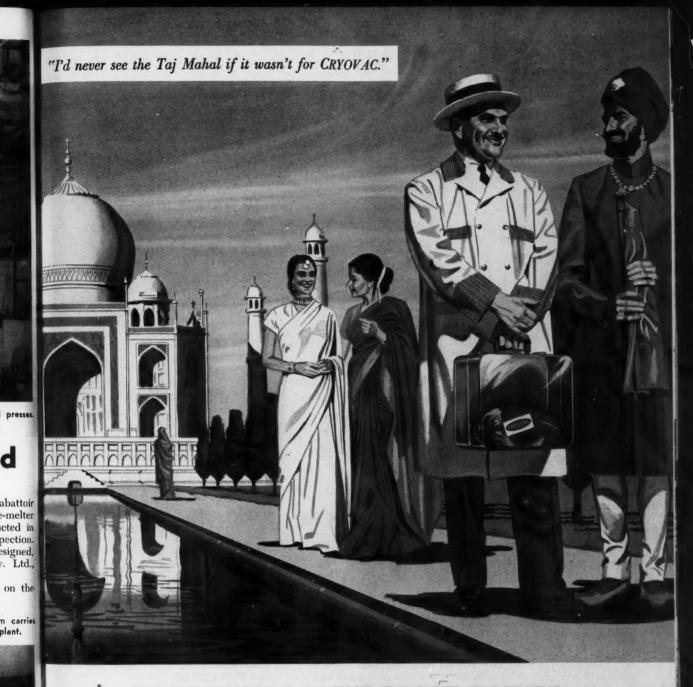
handles killing and shop fats and dead stock. The abattoir has a two-melter edible department and a three-melter inedible department. These operations are conducted in physically separated departments under federal inspection.

The rendering equipment for the plant was designed, furnished and installed by John W. Stamp Pty. Ltd., Melbourne, Victoria.

The soft fats are chuted from several stations on the

OUTSIDE HOGGING station handles material from the adjacent killing floor and from pickup trucks. A screw conveyor system carries the material into the rendering plant at left where it is combined with the softer hashed by-products from the meat processing plant.





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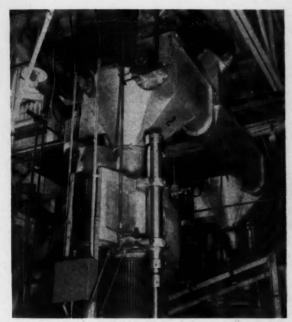
THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, JULY 12, 1958

killing floor to a hasher-washer located a level below. The prepared material is discharged into a hopper which feeds a mono pump that propels the material to the inedible department. Three-way gate valves guide the flow to the proper storage bin.

Located under the washer trough is another trough that carries the waste water from the unit to a settling basin.

Hard material is hogged at an outside point adjacent to the killing floor. The hog is housed under a sheet metal shed. Incoming shop fat and bones are also hogged here. By locating the unit in a spot accessible to pickup trucks, an employe can feed it with product from the plant and outside sources.

The crushed material is carried by a series of screw conveyors to the mezzanine section where storage bins are located above each of the three melters. Material from the hasher-washer also discharges into these bins. By locating individual storage hoppers above the melters, the down time between loadings is reduced to a minimum. Use of unit hoppers also permits definite segregation of



CLOSEUP of reversible feeding conveyors that discharge material into the presses on demand. Pipes are for steam to heat the curb.

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any material that may tend to downgrade a charge. Such material can be confined to a partial charge, if necessary, as is done in the summer months when dead animals are being handled. The bins' bottoms are sloped and are equipped with discharge screw conveyors.

The melters are controlled with an end-point indicator; they are wired to give readings, as desired, for any of the melters. At the end of the cook, the free fat is drained and the solid material is discharged into a pan with an inner perforated basket. The fat flows into a common trough from which it is pumped to settling tanks and then to storage. A drain slot in the front of the percolator pan takes care of the overflow when the fat is first released from the cooker.

The solid material is dumped from the basket directly into a screw conveyor system that feeds the curb presses. A portable hoist mounted on an overhead track serves all three of the baskets. These baskets, when lifted, tilt inward toward the melters. This arrangement conserves

on floor space as part of the percolator pan forms the conveyor sleeve. The basket clears the pan sufficiently so that any settling material can be scraped into the screw.

The screw conveyor feeds an inclined conveyor that dumps into a transverse conveyor discharging into the heated feed hopper for the two curb presses. The conveyors feeding the curb presses work on an automatic demand cycle. If both curb presses are extracting fat,



PICTURES of cake-breaking equipment. Upper photo shows base of ram with its knife-equipped torpedo head. Center shot shows the screw conveyors that carry the broken cake into the slow-speed breaker which is illustrated in the bottom photograph.

the conveyors are idle. The transverse conveyor feeds the curb press which needs material.

The curb press differs from an American unit in that it has no plates or movable press head. The curb, which is moved up and down by double action cylinders, is made of a series of steel rods tied with welded outer rings.

[Continued on page 38]



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### **Operations**

### Timed Bells Alert Workers and Supervisors To Progress Of the Work Day in the Allen Plant at Chicago

A time clock is ringing up worthwhile savings for Allen Bros., Inc., a leading meat purveyor of Chicago. The clock, which also is used for time card punching, is equipped with a programming disc that activates electric bells on several occasions during the work day.

The clock in the Allen plant is located on the loading dock adjoining the office area. The bells that the clock rings are located in the coolers, the loading dock area, parking lot, engine room, etc. The sound of



SUPERINTENDENT Walter Blaeser finds the bell system helpful in getting full value from the working day at the purveying plant.

the bells can be heard everywhere in the plant, according to Mel Salo mon, president of the concern.

The clock is set to ring the starting time, the beginning and end o the morning and afternoon spells, the lunch period, quitting time and, most significant, 30 minutes before quitting time. This last ring alerts Walter Blaeser, plant superintendent, to the fact that the end of the working day is approaching. It gives him time to appraise the work in process or on order and to decide what jobs, if any, should be performed on overtime. Meat purveying is essentially a service business and, when necessary, the purveyor must be prepared to pay overtime to meet customer requirments. However, since installing the clock the amount of overtime has been reduced drastically. If orders must go on that day, or early the next morning, Blaeser generally can assign enough butchers to complete the order in the normal work day.

Jobs that can be held until the following morning are deferred.

Another area where the clock saves one is in starting and ending the spell and lunch periods. Previously, someone with fast time always wanted to start these periods and someone with slow time to end them. These slow-fast timers disrupted the gang, says Blaeser, who comments that four minutes might be spent in arguing about the correct time. While this problem can be controlled by supervision, it imposes a needless burden on the supervisor as well as an aggravation for all concerned, the Allen Bros. superintendent points out.

The lunch period formerly presented the same difficulty with the horse shoe pitchers and ball players trying to stretch the recess by five or ten minutes.

Clock beating by individuals and gangs each month represented a considerable amount of money paid out for producing nothing.

Salomon reports that the cost of installing the time clock, the bells and the wiring was recovered within about four months. He points out that management, no matter how efficient, should not be required to be clock checkers for one purpose, any more than employes should be clock watchers for another.

After an initial period of adjustment the clock system has been accepted by employes as something that should have been installed long ago.

The bell controlling time clock is made by Simplex Time Recorder Co.

### Paper Hails 'Pizza Frank' As Anti-Recession Bid

Introduction of a new "pizza frank" by C. A. Durr Packing Co., Inc., Utica, N. Y., was hailed by the *Utica Observer-Dispatch* in a bylined story running 20 column inches in the newspaper's "family living" section.

The article pointed out that the pizza frank is one of several new products recently unveiled at Durr's as one means of fighting the recession in Utica. Jerome B. Harrison, president of the company, spearheaded the company's determination to fight the area recession by developing new products, selling them to the public and, in this way, providing employment, the article noted.

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### 18-3 DROPPER



Compact and simple in design, the Dupps Dropper is a revolutionary step forward in Dropper design. Actually the Dupps Dropper weighs less than half as much as usual. It is easy to mount because of this reduced weight and the fact that only four holes need to be drilled. The illustrated Dropper is mounted on an 8" x 8" timber with standard 14" drop hangers. It is easily adapted to steel beams. The sheave mounts in two positions so that hoist can be either in front or back of the Dropper. The 3/8" alloy chain has higher tensile strength than the usual 1/2" extra heavy chain. All steel, all welded construction eliminates breakage or wear often encountered where castings are used. The solid-plate steel sheave is equipped with double row ball bearings, life-time lubricated to eliminate dangerous overhead maintenance. Guide switch cam, guide block and hood are all of solid forged steel.

Write

THE DUPPS CO. Germantown, Ohio

### DMS Rates Rise August 1 After 17-year Recess

For the first time since 1941 subscription rates for the Provisioner's Daily Market and News Service are being increased effective August 1. The increase—a modest 18 per cent in the basic annual rate for the daily "Yellow Sheet" delivered by first class mail—has been made necessary by a 33 per cent boost in first class postage (effective August 1) and by accrued advances in printing, payroll, overhead, tax and other costs over the 17-year period.

In 1941 the MARKET SERVICE reported on 23 major categories of meat industry products and by-products with 346 individual quotations; the publication now covers 38 major product and by-product categories and quotes daily on around 482 items and commodities.

Present subscribers to the "Yellow Sheet" and the DMS wire service are being given an opportunity to extend, prior to August 1, single and multiple subscriptions for one or more service periods at the current rates.

### Allbright-Nell Company Names New Officers and Directors

New officers and directors have been named by the Allbright-Nell Co., Inc., which recently became a subsidiary of Chemetron Corp., Chicago. Norman J. Allbright will continue as president, L. L. Crawford as vice president, and John G. Allbright as treasurer and assistant secretary.

Others named were John E. Slaughter, jr., and James W. Dunham, vice presidents, and W. W. Whitnell, secretary. Slaughter is president of Chemetron Corp. Girdler Process Equipment division, Louisville, Ky., and Dunham and Whitnell are Chemetron vice presidents.

The Allbright-Nell company has its headquarters and manufacturing facilities in Chicago, and will continue to produce machinery and equipment under the "Anco" trade name for the meat packing and allied industries. It will coordinate activities with Girdler Process Equipment division.

### **NIMPA Security Program**

The board of directors of the National Independent Meat Packers Association has approved the establishment of a new pension and profit-sharing program designed to provide major personal benefits to executives and other key employes of member firms, John A. Killick, NIMPA executive secretary, announced.

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# IF YOU BUY OR SELL MEATS OR BY-PRODUCTS

THE DAILY MARKET & NEWS SERVICE
"Yellow Sheet"

can save you Money, Time and Trouble!

If you sell a car of meat a half cent too cheap it can cost you \$150. If you pay a half cent too much when you buy, it costs you the same amount. But losses like these can be avoided if you are properly informed on current market prices, as you would be if you had The Daily Market & News Service coming to you daily.

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# IMPORTANT NOTICE!

Subscription rates on the Daily Market & News Service Yellow Sheet will advance on August 1 when first class postage rates go up 33%; air mail advances 17%. At that time we must adjust subscription rates to the Service, including an adjustment in view of rising costs of operation and production.

This is the first change in the subscription price of this valuable service in over 16 years, but by subscribing now you can still get the benefit of present low rates!

Present basic subscription rates for the Daily Yellow Sheet are \$19 per quarter; \$72 per year. Air mail service is \$10.40 per year extra. Extra subscriptions earn \$10 annual discount. Telegraphic market quotation service available at similar rates. After August 1, 1958, basic subscription rates will be \$22.50 per quarter; \$85.00 per year; extra subscriptions at lower rate. Subscribe now and save \$13 or more per year! Renew present subscriptions now and save the same amount. Check must accompany order.

New subscriptions carry money-back guarantee. If Service does not save you time, trouble and money, you may cancel and we will refund any unused portion of your subscription. ORDER NOW! The sooner you begin to use the Daily Yellow Sheet, the sooner you begin to save!

If you are already a subscriber to the Daily Market & News Service Yellow Sheet, you already know how the Service can help you save hundreds of dollars every month. You know what a valuable guide the Yellow Sheet can be, helping you to sell or buy in line with the going market. If you are not a subscriber, you should find out NOW how you can save time, trouble and money by using the Daily Market & News Service as a guide for pricing your own product, for filling your needs in the open market, for intelligent trading with better returns for your company and less strain on you.

The Daily Market & News Service Yellow Sheet is a daily printed report of important trading of meats and by-products in the Chicago open market with details of trading including prices, terms of trading and product description. The service is compiled by expert market reporters who gather trading information throughout the day by direct contact with important buyers, sellers and brokers. At the close of the trading day the service is mailed to subscribers to use as a guide to their own trading, to help price product in line with the going market, to help you buy intelligently to fill your needs. The Service will save its reasonable cost over and over by helping you sell right and buy right!

You NEED the Daily Market & News Service! We'll be glad to furnish sample copies of the Yellow Sheet if you wish, but better yet, we suggest you try the Service to see how useful it can be, and how much money and worry you can save. Subscribe now and get the benefit of present low subscription rates, with the moneyback assurance that if the Service isn't everything we say you can get full refund on any unused part of your subscription. Present rates expire July 31. Write today!

### DAILY MARKET & NEWS SERVICE

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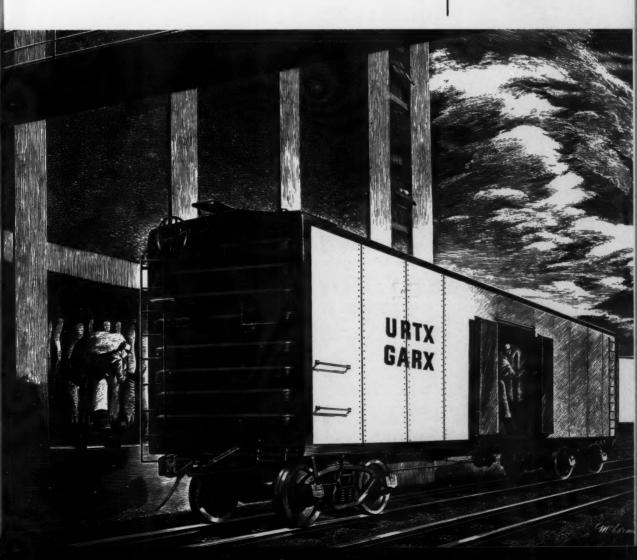
### a limited number of GARX-URTX refrigerator cars now available for lease to packers. You get all the advantages of a General American lease with these cars—service facilities throughout the country-continuous availability because of nation-wide distribution. Write or call General American-today.



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### First 'Britannica' Editions Contain Quaint Food Items

Any publication that has been issued regularly for 190 years rates a few words in another that hasn't missed a weekly issue in 67 years. The Encyclopaedia Britannica has come a long way since 1768, by way of England and the University of Chicago. It is interesting to contrast early Britannica items about food with those published today in the food pages of newspapers and magazines. Here's one, published in the Britan-nica's second edition, 1774. Spelling and punctuation are the E.B.'s.

"FAT: A great number of fats have been kept in the shops for making ointments, plasters and other medicinal compositions; as hogs-lard, the fat of the boar, the fox, the hare, dog, wild cat, Alpine mouse, beaver; that of hens, ducks, geese, storks; of the whale, pike, serpents, viper, as also human fat.'

From the third edition, 1797:

"RAGOUT: A sauce or seasoning, intended to rouse the appetite when lost or languishing. This term is also used for any high-seasoned dish prepared of flesh, fish, greens, or the like; by stewing them with bacon, salt, cloves and the like ingredients. We have ragouts of celery, or endive, asparagus, cock's combs, giblets, crawfish, etc.

Here's one from the fourth edition,

"FROM THE ANIMAL KING-DOM: The flesh of the horse may be eaten, but it is very coarse. The flesh of the wild boar is dense, but sufficiently tender, very nourishing, and more savoury than that of the domestic hog. The flesh of the wild boar is in season in the month of October. The head is esteemed the finest part. Bacon is a coarse and heavy, but nutritive food, only fit to be taken in considerable quantity by robust and labouring people. Pork cannot be eaten by those who are of a melancholic temperament and lead a sedentary life."

Yes, the Britannica has come a long way. A late edition has more than 2,000 words just on sausage.

### 'Pup Corn' Made for Pets

Pup Corn Brands, Inc., New Britain, Conn., has begun marketing "pup corn," a dog and cat delicacy in tablet form containing meat and powdered liver ingredients. Joseph Price, president, said the tablets contain 13 vitamins beneficial to pets.

### **Antibiotic Slows Spoilage** Of Radiation-Treated Meat

Small amounts of an antibiotic combined with gamma rays from a atomic reactor keep beef and pork from spoiling three times as long as untreated meat, according to a study carried out at the Oregon Agricultural Experiment Station in Corvallis, Ore., and in the laboratories of Chas. Pfizer & Co., Inc., New York City. The study was done in cooperation with OM Food and Container Institute.

In one test, live hogs were injected with Biostat, an antibiotic preparation, slaughtered, dressed and irradiated. The cuts were stored at 50° F. Use of the antibiotic alone prolonged storage life by 85 per cent over untreated cuts, while irradiation alone produced an average increase of 150 per cent. The combined treatment caused an increase of 230 per cent.

Previous experiments have shown that the high doses of hard radiation needed to sterilize meat, when radiation is used alone, often produce undesirable tastes in the meat, the researchers pointed out. In an antibiotictreated food, the radiation dose needed could be lowered, thus protecting the flavor. Virtually all of the antibiotic residue is destroyed in cooking.





PAGE ADVERTISEMENTS used in western restaurant, club and food journals by the Western Beef Industry with WSMPA as a member.

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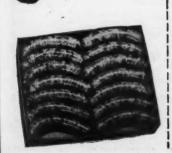
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### "WE LIKE FORDS FOR THEIR LOW MAINTENANCE COSTS...THAT'S WHY WE STARTED OUR OWN FLEET IN 1953 WITH FORDS" Says L. L. Coffee

Transportation Manager, Klarer Co. of Louisville, Kentucky

"Our new Ford F-600 with molded plastic body handles up to 1,000 lb. more payload

"Our long experience in leasing Ford trucks proved how low Ford's maintenance costs really are. That's why we bought only Ford trucks when we started our own fleet in 1953. Ford service is another important consideration, too-and we like it!

"Another reason we settled on Fords is their low operating costs. Our trucks average from 100-500 miles a day and 50,000 miles a year delivering meat products to retail stores and markets. Yet we still get 8 mpg with our Ford F-600's!

"In addition, we find we can handle larger loads with our Fords, too. We can haul up to 1000 lb. more payload with our new '58 Ford F-600. And Ford costs us less, too! We intend to keep right on buying Ford trucks for a long time."

Official registrations show

AMERICAN BUSINESS **BUYS MORE FORD TRUCKS THAN ANY** OTHER MAKE!

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# Bring extra savings to your business...make your next truck a FORD!

Official registrations for 1957 show that American business buys more Ford trucks than any other make. There are many reasons for this... many reasons for you to make your next truck a Ford!

Ford trucks are your best buy! Ford's initial costs are low and resale value is traditionally high. The modern Ford Styleside pickups are the lowest-priced models available with full cab-wide body . . . giving you 23% more loadspace than any traditional-type pickup box on the American road.

Only Ford offers the economy of Short Stroke power in all engines, Six or V-8. And Ford's Heavy Duty V-8's offer new, advanced durability features. The modern Ford Six, available in Light and Medium Duty F-Series trucks, is equipped with an economy carburetor that gives you up to 10% greater gas mileage. It's plenty peppy, too, with more horsepower per cubic inch than any other six in its class.

Ford's rugged cab and chassis construction means these new '58s are built to last. Every Ford has safety glass in every window. All this plus the proven fact that Ford trucks last longer adds up to America's No. 1 truck value.

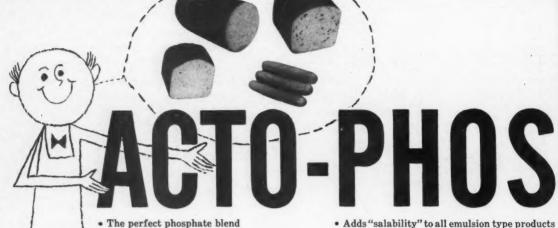
See your local Ford Dealer for the latest in '58 trucks or the best in A-1 used trucks.

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1958



- The perfect phosphate blend
- · Eliminates fat separation and prevents "fat
- · Assures a smooth high color cut on surface
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- · Allows for more binding and stabilizes the meat proteins
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Koch proudly offers authentic DIANA Dicers, imported from Germany, now available again for the first time since 1941. The DIANA is one of the most respected and best-known food industry machines. Cuts meat, fruit, or vegetables, without crushing or tearing. Produces cubes in a variety of sizes, from 3/16" to 2". Also cuts strips or slices in a wide range of sizes. Cutting blades do not run idle when feed funnel is empty; product is not over-heated or mashed into paste.

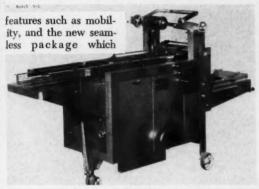
Write for information about the application of the genuine German DIANA DICER in your own business.

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# NEW EQUIPMENT and Supplies

Further information on equipment and supplies may be obtained by writing to manufacturer direct or writing The Provisioner, using key numbers and coupon below.

AUTOMATIC WRAPPING MACHINE (NE 563): Features quick and easy adjustability to package size without tools or change of parts. Incorporates



permits full, unbroken advertising on all longitudinal panels. Automatic feed can be supplied in either straight or 90° form. Manufactured by Schooler Manufacturing Company of Pacoima, California.

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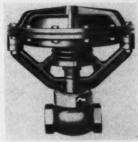
(NE 556): Emergency repairs of metals, plastics, wood, concrete and other materials are quickly made with Homalite No. 345, an epoxy-based compound. Repaired equipment can be returned to service within an hour, and the repairs are permanent. Maintenance departments can use this new method of repairing leaking pipes, broken castings or plastics and corroded sheet metal. A coating of Homalite is applied to material requiring repair; a layer of glass cloth is pressed into the coating and another coating of Homalite is applied on top of glass cloth. Made by The Homalite Corporation of Wilmington 4, Delaware.

PENETRATOR-TYPE STUNNER (NE 564): An improved humane animal stunner has been intro-



duced by Remington Arms Co., Inc. Picture shows the penetrator head model which some packers may prefer to the mushroom head. Both models are the concussion-type, in which a piston is driven forward rapidly against the forehead of an animal when the blank cartridge is triggered. The stunner was pioneered by the Bridgeport, Conn., firm in cooperation with packers and various humane societies, as well as the American Meat Institute of Chicago.

GLOBE VALVES (NE 561): A line of diaphragm-



operated, direct-acting units, for hot or cold service with steam, raw water, gas and air, is announced by The Sinclair-Collins Valve Co., Akron, Ohio. Available in two series for 150 and 300 psi. service in sizes ranging from ¼ to 3 in. Valve bodies are of Navy M bronze; replaceable seat ring is hardened and ground stainless steel.

PLASTIC SKEWER (NE-570): For use in erecting foamed polystyrene and corkboard insulation. Tip is pointed at angle calculated to give maximum holding power when driven straight into insulation. Skewer will not rot or deteriorate, and is odorless. Available from Armstrong Cork Company, Lancaster, Pa., in 3½-, 4½-and 5½-in. lengths.

SOURCES for all kinds of equipment and supplies used in the meat and rendering plant can be found in the Purchasing Guide For The Meat Industry, a Provisioner publication.

STAINLESS STEEL MINCE MASTER (NE



557): The Griffith Laboratories, Inc., Chicago announces the availability of stainless steel models of both 50- and 85-hp. machines. Refinements include the threaded discharge port, a pair of eccentric lever locks on the cutting chamber housing, and a lever lock on the adjustment gear. Production of the stainless steel models will be limited for a few months, but output of the regular models has been increased to meet industry needs for more efficient processing of sausage meats.

TRUCK REFRIGERA-TION UNIT (NE 565): This mechancial truck refrigeration unit weighs only 340 lbs. and maintains 35° to 40° F. temperatures in delivery truck bodies of 10 to 18 ft. in length. Model A, manufactured by the American Manufacturing Co., Montgomery, Ala., is powered directly by the truck engine. It is a self-contained unit, including



condenser, receiver, evaporator and controls, and is installed through an opening in the truck body.

Use this coupon in writing for further information on New Equipment. Address The National Provisioner, 15 W. Huron St., Chicago 10, III., giving key numbers only (7-12-58).

Key Numbers	 
Company	 
Name	 
Street	

#### Features of Australian Rendering Plant

[Continued from page 25]

When it is receiving cooked material it rests in the sealing position on the pressing ram at the upper limit of its travel against the press head. The ram differs from the American type in that it has a torpedo head.

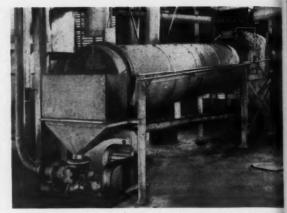
Inside the feed hopper a conveyor compresses the material into the curb. When the material offers a certain degree of resistance the feeding cycle is stopped and the pressing cycle is begun. The ram begins to move upward in the curb. Its torpedo head deflects the topmost material to the sides and produces a doughnut type of cake. The deflection removes the pressure from the feed hopper conveyor and transfers it to the curb rings and press head. The material being pressed lies between the press head and ram with the torpedo head in the center forming the doughnut. The hydraulic pump powering the ram builds up pressure until it reaches 4,000 lbs. per sq. in. and holds this pressure for approximately 60 seconds.

The compression of a relatively small charge results in a cake of low grease content. The torpedo head ram increases the area of pressure application. The diameter

of the cake is 20 in.

When the hydraulic pressure is realeased the ram moves down sufficiently to clear the curb's bottom. The curb also moves downward and, as it does so, the pressed cake comes in contact with two knives set in the base of the ram's torpedo. The cake breaks on the knives and falls into screw conveyors located on either side of the curb and these carry the pieces into a slow-speed crusher. The cake fallout is even, with about half dropping into each of the screws.

The curb press elements then move back into loading



PUMP TRANSPORTS hashed and washed material to the charging bins over the melters. Drain trough collects water from washer and discharges it into sewer.

position and, as they do, permanently-placed strippers dislodge any material that is tound to be clinging between the curb bars.

The press hold about 125 lbs. per charge and can press about 1,200 lbs. per hour. No time is lost in removing and replacing plates or in guiding the material into the curb. Loading and unloading proceed in automatic sequence.

The freed fat flows into a skirt on the curb with a spout which guides the liquid into a tank from which it is pumped for settling. The curb is steam heated by articulated steam pipes to get the maximum fat recovery. The fat content of the pressed meat and bone scrap is



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- Personalized attention from conception to finished product
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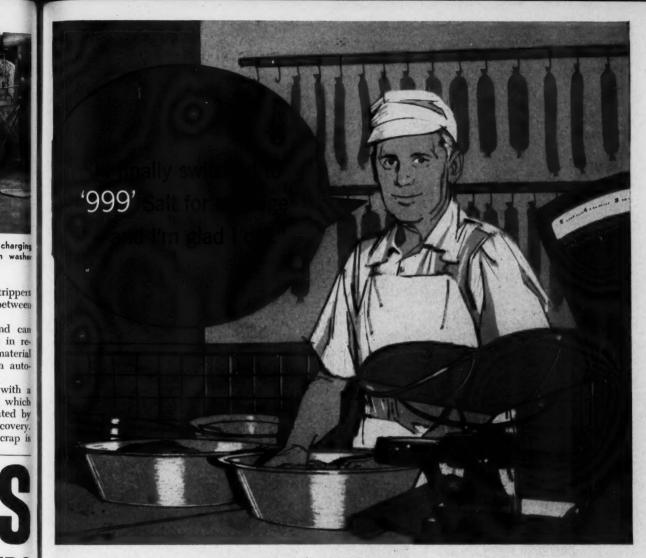
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# More and more people in the Meat Industry are finding it pays to use Morton '999' Salt

Men who try high purity Morton '999' Salt for sausage making, curing or canning, are always glad they did. For they find '999' offers many advantages you can't get from any other kind of salt.

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> '999' quality never varies. Morton '999' Salt insures uniform flavor and quality. It is always 99.9% clean, pure sodium chloride, exceptionally low in the objectionable trace metals copper and iron. Morton '999' is entirely free from bitter calcium and magnesium compounds that can spoil flavor or cause "spot" color defects.

> Unlike some salt, the high quality of Morton '999' never varies from shipment to shipment, whether you buy it in bags or bulk.

It costs nothing to find out more about '999'.

Regardless of the uses you have for high-purity salt, regardless of the kind of salt you may now be using, it will pay you to find out why more and more men in the Meat Industry are switching to Morton '999'. To obtain the name of a meat processor or sausage maker near you who has changed to '999' Salt, write or wire:

#### MORTON SALT COMPANY

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# CURONA

the ideal ascorbate curing aid and anti-oxidant for prepared meat products

 Improves color in packaged meats

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the most convenient way to use Sodium Isoascorbate

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CURONA WAFERS are pre-measured for accuracy... eliminate weighing and mixing... prevent waste caused by spilling or using too large a quantity.

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customarily about 9 per cent.

Cracklings from the edible department, which has the same type of percolator basket unloader, are moved into the inedible department by means of a screw conveyor that connects the two sections and is pressed with the inedible material. Management feels that the small percentage of fat remaining in edible cracklings hardly justifies the expense of another pressing department. The edible material is fat bearing tissue that ruptures almost completely under dry melting operations.

The crushed meat-bone meal is conveyed from the press into a cooling tunnel where the temperature is reduced from about 230° F. to about 120° F. At this temperature the material can be ground finely without clogging the swing hammer mill. The material then flows over a shaker screen for sizing; the larger pieces are returned to the mill and the balance pass into the storage hopper

of a bagging machine.

The cooling tunnel is essentially a large shell with vanes for pushing, lifting and spilling the material at a uniform rate. Cooling is achieved with a large fan that is located immediately ahead of the discharge hopper. In addition to cooling, the fan also prevents the fines from being blown outward and blows them back into the 14-ft. tunnel where they agglomerate with the other material.

The Gilbertson plant cooks out about 24 charges of inedible material per day and has an average weekly production of about 70 tons.

(Editors note: Material for this story was secured from John T. Stamp, president of John W. Stamp Pty. Ltd., during his recent visit to The National Provisioner editorial offices in Chicago. His firm has three manufacturing divisions: meat packing equipment, packaging machinery and household appliances.)

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2, 1958

#### Packer Fined in Weight Fraud Case in Indianapolis

Albert F. Smith, last of 14 hog buyers accused of falsifying weights at the Indianapolis stockyards, was fined \$1,000 by Federal Judge William E. Steckler recently. The other 13 men had been fined previously after pleading guilty.

Smith, a principal in Smith & Staug Packing Co., Inc., originally pleaded innocent but later admitted that he had conspired with another defendant to falsify weights of hogs. Smith said, however, that he "didn't make a nickel" on the arrangement.



# Why United's patented process results in corkboard of lower moisture absorption

Cork in its natural state is well known and highly regarded for its excellent insulating and moisture resistant characteristics. However, by an exclusive blocked-baked patented process that uses internal and external heat to release the natural resins in the cork, United BB Corkboard becomes substantially more moisture resistant.

Further, United Corkboard is all cork . . . with no filler added. It's flexible too . . . fits tight . . . stays tight . . . installs easier and stays on the job! Most important, there is adequate flexibility to conform to minor wall irregularities and absorbs stresses.

The next time you have a need for low temperature insulation investigate the unique combination of benefits only "patented process" United Corkboard can provide.

Write today for specifications and helpful installation data. No obligation.



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ENGINEERING AND INSTALLATION SERVICE to meet your individual requirement . . . insure the most effective use and provide proper installation, United maintains fifteen branches throughout the country, staffed with experienced engineers and installation crews. For the one nearest you simply write to our Kearny address.

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. . . after the product leaves the display case. Sure, Mr. & Mrs. America want fine packaging and good valuebut the big reason they buy your product again and again is FLAVOR. So, be sure you give them what they want, the finest flavor possible. Custom flavor technicians will prepare the formula best suited to your market-and will guard it for your exclusive use. Moreover, Custom formulas will improve appearance and shelf-life, and help produce greater yields. Let your Custom Field Man show you how to capture your market-for good-with a Custom Flavor Formula.



701 N. Western Avenue Chicago II, Illinois

Dept. NP 7-128

#### **Burns' Far Northern Plant**

[Continued from page 20]

can handle more product per trip than he could if he were to carry it in his arms. He also plans his product pickup to eliminate back tracking.

One table in the packaging department handles both sliced bacon and to the check weighing and hand sealing stations. The bottom seal on hacon and frank packages is made with hand irons and the side seal with a Great Lakes conveyor sealer.

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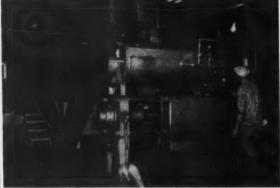
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The rendering departments are located at the rear of the smokehous section. Raw inedible material is chuted directly into the hasher-washer

PLANT operating and sales effort is backed by (seated)
J. Shiells, credit manager; R. R. Newall, produce manager, and F. E. McFarlane, office manager. Standing are E. Meyers, purchasing agent; S. Brommeland, beef manager, and N. Kozak, the traffic manager.





INEDIBLE DEPARTMENT is conveyorized to transport product between major pieces of rendering equipment. The plant uses its animal protein in making pelleted complete feeds for sale to poultry and livestock producers.

HIDES ARE COV-ERED with plastic sheeting to keep moisture within the pack. In the foreground above main sewer pipe can be seen the humidifiers that keep moisture in hide cellar at a predetermined level.



skinless frankfurts, while a second table is used for wrapping smoked meats. A U. S. slicer is stationed at one end of the packaging table for bacon slicing. When frankfurts are being packaged, a Linker Machine peeler is moved into position at the other end of the table. A reversible belt conveyor carries both products

or the Boss hog and is discharged into a slotted drain pan. It is then pushed into a blow tank which transports the material to one of three Anco melters. The drain pan, which is located above the blow tank, serves two functions. First, it holds the material while the blow tank is operating, or if the blow tank and melters are full. Second, it drains off some of the water picked up in the hasher-washer. There is no point in expending heat to evaporate this moisture if a short

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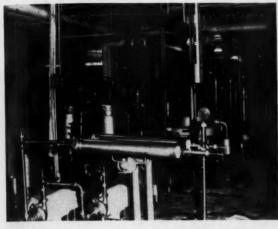
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12, 1958

hour. Drums and tins are filled with shortening at another station.

The second floor animal feeds bagging department is the only section



VIEW OF BUTTER processing line which converts raw milk into butter in a continuous operation. The creamery department is said to be the largest in Western Canada.

holding period will free it, Brookwell points out.

Cooked meat and bone meal is conveyed to an Expeller and then to the animal feed department.

The blood dryer is housed in an area walled off from the rest of the rendering department to confine the movement of the dried blood. With the central air conditioning system this material would otherwise fly around and coat other pieces of equipment and complicate cleanup.

The edible department has two Anco melters. The freed fat flows to one of four 6,000-lb. blending tanks in which the antioxidant and bleaching agents are added. From here the lard is pumped to a filter and then to the Votator lard processing units.

If the lard is to be packaged in 1 lb. units it is pumped to the Anco which escaped the devastating fire. Modern pelleting machines are used to blend the animal protein supplements with the grains and other ad-

RUNNERS place orders in buggy and leave it at the scaler's station. Buggy is equipped with a standard on which clip board holds the order in work. A

ditives. Through educational effort the firm has developed a good market for its manufactured feeds, ac-

lower basket on the buggy can be used for filling a second small order.

> LEFT: Employe removes shroud cloth from tumbler in laundry room. RIGHT: Earl Cheney, plant chemist, makes test on lard sample. The plant's need for analytical service is greater, and it is more isolated, than many American packinghouses built to handle a similar volume of livestock.





filler. The cartons are machine formed, filled and closed. The cartoning line handles 3600 units per

cording to F. W. Thompson, feed department manager.

The basement or first floor level

contains the curing cellar, hide cellar, grease interceptor and modern butter manufacturing department. The hide cellar is a model of cleanliness. To keep the moisture within the packs they are covered with plastic sheeting. Management believes that high humidity is essential to good hide curing. The room is equipped with automatic humidifiers which maintain a relative humidity of 86 per cent. Maintenance of 60° F. in the hide cellar is seldom a problem, according to Brookwell.

Salt is unloaded from a track siding directly into bins and cured and bundled hides are loaded into cars with the aid of a portable inclined conveyor.

For bacon curing the firm uses a Presco injector with which one man injects about 800 lbs. per hour. The injected bellies are placed on skids and covered with clean muslin cloth. Covering the meat minimizes shrink and assures a positive cure for the top bellies as well as for the side portions, comments Brookwell.



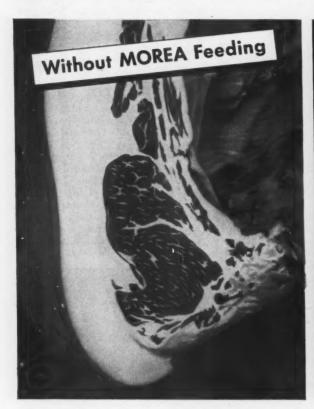
The butter department, which R. R. Newall, produce manager, believes to be one of the largest in Western Canada, converts fluid milk into butter in one continuous process.

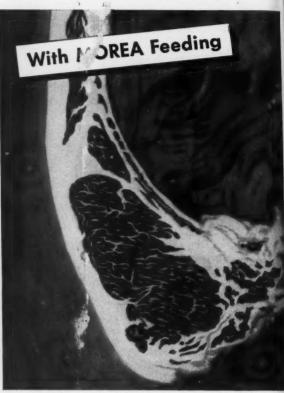
The plant has a well-equipped mechanical shop with employes proficient in ten mechanical trades. An ample stock of spare parts and mechanical supplies is carried. Since the plant is located some distance from major equipment supply centers, the staff must be able to fix its own equipment and must carry an adequate stock of spare parts. A cardinal rule in the shop is that nothing is allowed to lie on the floor. Equipment not in use must be placed in a scrap bin or in the proper stock bin.

Cork is the basic insulation used in the plant with the exception of the floors where Foamglas is employed. All paved floors are underlaid with waterproof membrane. If there should be leaks, they can be pinpointed and repaired with Foamglas insulation

without extensive excavation.

# MOREA Liquid Feed produces well-marbled meat with less fat!





MOREAW is a registered trade-mark of Feed Service Corporation.

This prime beef, at the left above, is from an animal fed a conventional ration of grain, protein supplement and roughage. The cross-rib cut shows well-marbled meat but also shows much waste outside fat. In today's market, this meat is tender and tasty but costly and wasty!

Contrast it with the beef at the right above, from a sister animal fed scientific new Morea liquid feed supplement, along with less grain and more roughage. Everything you and the consumer want is here—well-marbled, tender, firm, juicy red meat.

Yes, Morea liquid feed is bringing welcome changes in cattle and lamb feeding, and in meat processing and marketing. Livestock men produce quality meat faster and easier. The carcasses from beef cattle and lambs grown on a Morea liquid feed program grade out well, and kidney fat as well as outside fat is greatly reduced.

This prime beef, at the right above, is typical of meat from thousands of animals grown on a MOREA liquid feed program. MOREA feed supple-

ment contage area nitrogen, phosphoric acid, molasses, tree minerals and ethanol. This combination, pictured under patent, is scientifically formulated to help ruminant animals build protein efficiently, so digest more cellulose from roughage, and to produce economical weight gains.

Cattle and lambs on Morea liquid feed programs have consistently produced firm, flavorful, well-marbled meat with less waste fat. For more information on the advantages of Morea-fed meat, write to the nearest address below.

Feed Service Corporation, Crete, Nebraska
U. S. Industric' Chemicals Co., New York 16, N. Y.
DIVISION AT DIVIL DISTILLERS AND CHEMICAL CORP.



# he Meat Trail..

#### MID Names New Inspectors in Charge at Eight Cities

Appointment of eight inspectors in charge of U. S. Department of Agriculture meat inspection stations in like number of cities has been an nounced by Dr. A. R. MILLER, director of the Meat Inspection Division. Dr. T. A. Moir, who formerly headed the Milwaukee station. Dr. Moir succeeds Dr. G. A. FRANZ, now an assistant MID director with responsibility for the southern area.

Dr. R. F. KIELDSEN, who has been





DR. HAMILTON DR. HOUK



DR. SCHICK

DR. MOIR

DR. COHEN

DR. GEICK



DR. KIELDSEN

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N. Y.

2, 1958

DR. LOGIE

Two other men were named as assistant inspectors in charge.

Dr. HERMAN J. SCHICK, previously in charge of the Austin (Minn.) station, has been named inspector in charge of the Los Angeles station succeeding Dr. A. F. ECKERT, who recently was appointed an assistant director of MID with responsibility for the western area. New inspector in charge of the St. Louis station is serving as assistant inspector in charge of the Fort Worth station, has been promoted to inspector in charge of the Milwaukee station. Dr. A. J. I ocie, previously a MID supervisor

Philadelphia, has been named inpector in charge of the Norfolk (a.) station. Dr. Logie succeeds , C. C. HAMILTON, who was transterred to Davenport, Ia., as inspector in charge. In Davenport, Dr. Hamilton replaces Dr. O. W. ANDERSON, who retired on June 30 after more than 35 years of government service.

New inspector in charge of the MID station at South St. Joseph, Mo., is Dr. W. S. Houk, previously assistant inspector in charge at Denver. Dr. Houk succeeds Dr. H. L. GEICK, who was transferred to Indianapolis as inspector in charge. Dr. HUNTER COHEN has been named inspector in charge of the Buffalo (N. Y.) station, succeeding Dr. Symour Rook, who resigned from government service in May. Dr. Cohen previously was stationed in Newark, N. Y.

Dr. F. R. HUSTER, JR., who has been serving as a veterinary supervisor in St. Louis, is the new assistant inspector in charge at Fort Worth, and Dr. K. E. PETERSON has been named assistant inspector in charge of the Denver station.

#### Butler Named Plant Manager For Hormel at Austin, Minn.

HAROLD BUTLER has been promoted to the newly-established posi-

tion of plant manager for Geo. A. Hormel & Co. at Austin, Minn., R. F. GRAY, president, and H. H. Corey, chairman of the board, announced. He previously had been superintendent of the hog kill division and its re-



H. BUTLER

lated departments for about 12 years. All activities of the Austin plant will be under the supervision of the plant manager, a management arrangement like that in effect at all other Hormel plants and processing establishments, Gray and Corey explained. Under the previous arrangement at Austin, each divisional superintendent reported exclusively to the vice president in charge of his division.

Butler joined Hormel as a messenger boy in 1926. He was placed in charge of the rendering and stock food departments in 1930 and became head of the hog kill in 1946.

#### Virginia Packers to Meet

The annual meeting of the Virginia Meat Packers Association has been set for Friday and Saturday, July 25 and 26, at the Cavalier Hotel, Vir-





PLANT above has been opened in Kaufman, Tex., by P & H Packing Co., Inc., of Dallas. Left photo shows (I. to r.) Will Pendergrass, president of firm, and his asso-ciates, Marie Armstrong and A. H. Hamner. All have spent entire careers in meat industry. Dallas plant is working at capacity, and new plant at Kaufman, about 30 miles southeast of Dallas, was acquired to handle overload and develop additional business. P & H Packing Co. is a charter member of the Texas ependent Meat Packers Association.

ginia Beach, Va., EDGAR A. THURMAN of Green Hill, Inc., Elliston, president of the association, announced. Registration will begin at 3 p.m. Friday, and the opening meeting is scheduled for 8 o'clock that evening. The annual banquet will be Saturday night.

## Armour Buys Interest in Brownsville, Tex., Firm

Armour and Company has purchased an interest in Owen Meat Packing Co., Brownsville, Tex., T. R. St. John, vice president of the Armour southwest area, and W. T. (DICK) OWEN, president of the Brownsville firm, announced.

They said the affiliation will mean an increased market for livestock and an expanded industrial payroll in the lower Rio Grande Valley. Owen will continue as general manager of the company, which will be expanded to serve the entire South Texas area.

The Armour sales staff and other Armour resources will be utilized in the expansion program. Meat will continue to be marketed under the Owen "Pel Star" brand, and the packinghouse will operate under federal meat inspection.

#### PLANTS

Griffith Provision Co., Downs, Kan., played host to 800 guests recently after A. R. Griffith, president, invited residents in 30 Kansas communities to tour his new \$85,000 plant. The 10,500-sq.-ft. plant, situated in Central Kansas, will serve the 30 towns in a dozen counties, operating three refrigerated trucks within a radius of 75 miles. The Griffith firm, which formerly operated in Barnard, Kan., moved to Downs last

October for better geographical location. The plant contains a 40x40-ft. kill room that can handle hogs or cattle and is geared for a weekly output of 600 hogs and 250 cattle. There are 30 employes at present. The plant is producing a full line of beef and pork products. Along with fresh meat, part of which is portion-controlled, sausage and smoked items are emphasized. A. D. Griffith, who is in his 29th year in meat packing, designed the entire plant himself. He greeted visitors personally during the open house and took them on a guided tour of the plant.

A \$125,000 expansion program now underway at Meats, Inc., Clarkston, Wash., will add a new drip cooler, beef holding cooler and freezer, A. R. Buratto, general manager, has informed the NP. Two Carrier compressors and 16 blowers will be installed.

Prairie Packing Co., Marion, Ill., has ceased operations, H. J. Dahmer, president of the farmers' cooperative, announced. He said an audit showed a loss of \$60,000 in the past fiscal year and efforts to refinance the plant have been unsuccessful. A balance sheet showed assets of \$211,560 and liabilities of \$197,281, Dahmer said. The plant is expected to be sold at public auction after a first mortgage foreclosure by the St. Louis Bank for Cooperatives.

The city council of Chickasha, Okla., has granted permission to Bob Hankins and Kenneth Pace to expand operations at H and P Wholesale Meat Co. to include the slaughter of cattle and hogs.

Hill Packing Co., Topeka, Kan., has signed a four-month option with the

city of Manchester, Tenn., for 5.7 acres of land south of the city limit. A spokesman said the pet food cocern plans to erect a processing and canning plant on the site. According to Robert Branch, who represented Hill Packing Co. in the negotiation, the proposed plant would cover between 10,000 and 15,000 sq. ft. and employ 40 to 60 persons.

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Karler Packing Co., Albuquerque, N. M., has begun operating under federal inspection. The plant, owned by Jess Karler, was established a year ago and employs ten persons.

Henderson Slaughtering Co., Henderson, Ky., will add a new meat processing operation in the near future, according to ROMAN M. WEIS. Products will include bologna, franks, chili and liver sausage. A freezer expansion also is contemplated.

Fire caused an estimated \$10,000 damage to the plant of Peschke Packing Co. in Ionia, Mich., and also knocked out the refrigeration system, threatening \$50,000 worth of meat in the cooler.

Phil-Bern Meat Distributors has been established at 5515 Florence ave., Philadelphia, by partners Philip Kline and Bernard Friedman.

#### JOBS

Appointment of Samuel Teitelman as director of new products and marketing services, a new position, has been announced by Armour and Company, Chicago. In this capacity, Teitelman will direct the newly-created new products department and the consumer service, consumer research and marketing research departments. He formerly was in charge



TWO PLANTS of Stark, Wetzel & Co., Inc., Indianapolis, have received American Meat Institute safety awards. Photos show presentation of awards to employes by M. E. Turner, vice president of the company, on behalf of AMI safety committee. The Kentucky ave. beef slaughtering plant, which has 1,150 employes, received award for three months without lost-time accident, and the Gardner lane processing plant, with 300 employes, was cited for six months without lost-time accident. In left photo, Kentucky ave. plant



award is accepted by Odell Groce, safety committee chairman and assistant plant manager. Members of safety committee (front row), other employes and Rick Wade (extreme right), plant manager, observe presentation. The award to Gardner lane plant is received in right photo by Ray Burns, assistant plant manager and safety chairman. First row consists of Gardner lane safety committee members, Ellis Kline, safety director for Stark, Wetzel & Co., is a member of the American Meat Institute safety committee.

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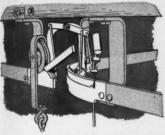
chairman nt man plant is ger and

& Co., mmittee.

2, 1953

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#### Le Fiell Automatic Switch saves labor costs



#### Smooth automatic load switching Rugged all-steel construction

The Le Fiell automatic track switch directs meat loads to the right track, smoothly, automatically and safely. As the load approaches it closes the switch. Built of heavy steel, to last a lifetime without maintenance, the Le Fiell automatic switch was designed by skilled packing plant engineers to give you more profit through quicker, safer meat handling.

The Le Fiell Automatic Switch is easy and economical to install. Comes as completely assembled unit, including curve, ready to bolt or weld in place. All joints are made at track hangers for accurate alignment with adjoining rail.

Available for 1R, 1L, 2R, 2L, 3R, 3L for  $\frac{1}{2}$ " x  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " or  $\frac{1}{2}$ " x  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " track.

#### Le Fiell All-Steel **Gear-Operated Switch**



#### For Trouble-Free Switching

Here's a rugged track switch you can really depend on. Won't break, needs no maintenance. Assures a smoothly operating track system—no more shutdowns, no more expensive time lost for annoying track breakdowns.

The safe gear-operated feature gives you positive control, as the switch is fully "closed" or fully "opened."

Easy to add to your present track system, the Le Fiell all-steel switch comes as completely assembled unit, including curve, ready to bolt in place. All joints are made at track hang-ers for accurate allgament with adjoining rall. Saves three-fourths installation time.

Available in all types for  $\frac{3}{4}$ " or  $\frac{1}{2}$ " x  $\frac{2\frac{1}{3}}{3}$ ,  $\frac{1}{3}$ " x 3" or 1-15/16" round rail.

Le Fiell

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busiest production lines.

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of marketing research. L. J. Hourn was named manager of the new products department. Miss ESTHER LAT-ZKE remains as manager of the consumer service department. Miss MARY Jo Arnold was appointed manager of the consumer research department and S. C. Wigg was named manager of the marketing research depart ment. Armour also announced the formation of a new specialty products division to supervise marketing of a selected line of advertised products, including Armour fresh frosted meats in consumer packages. T. C. GORDON, formerly sales manager of the dairy, poultry and margarine division, has been named general manager of the new division.

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Samuels & Co., Inc., Dallas, Tex, has appointed E. J. BLANSFIELD & sales manager for the firm in the Houston Bay area.

MARTIN KRAHAM has been named general sales manager of Silver Skillet Brands, Inc., Skokie, Ill. He formerly was in charge of the meat processing firm's institutional division

#### TRAILMARKS

Federal Judge THOMAS P. THORN-TON of Detroit has appointed HARRY G. GARLAND temporary receiver for Motor City Packing Co. and Arctic Cold Storage and Warehouse, both Detroit, Garland will operate the two firms for the Small Business Administration pending completion of mortgage foreclosure proceedings against Flav-O-Rich, Inc., meat processing firm. The three corporations are owned by DAVID BURG, his brother, ALBERT, and David's son, SAUL. The men, who had been operating Flav-O-Rich in rented space in the cold storage plant, obtained a \$250,000 loan from the SBA last year and purchased the plant. They notified the SBA about a month ago that they were unable to operate the cold storage plant and Flav-O-Rich suc cessfully. Three creditors, charging that Flav-O-Rich owed them \$174; 000, sued in federal bankruptcy court. and the SBA took over operation of Arctic Cold Storage to protect its mortgage.

Purchase of the outstanding stock of Security Warehouse & Cold Storage Co. of San Jose and Santa Clara, Calif., by Refrigerated Food Services, Inc., owned by Merchants Refrigerating Co. of New York City, has been announced by ARTHUR N. OTIS, president of Merchants. The plants will be operated under the name of Se curity Warehouse & Cold Storage Co. and GLENN F. DODSON will continue as president. John Q. Patton, founder of Security and one of its principal stockholders, will be elected to the Merchants board of directors.

#### DEATHS

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L. B. (LARRY) ROSENBERG, who had served as plant manager for Fried & Reineman Packing Co., Pittsburgh, since October of last year, died July 7. A veteran of many years in the industry, he was associated with The Cudahy Packing Co. at Newport, Minn., from 1922 until 1942 and later served with Emmart Packing Co., Louisville, and Peschke Packing Co., Ionia, Mich. Rosenberg is survived by the widow, Sophie, and a son, L. B., Jr.

EDWARD O. JOHNSON, 56, who was in charge of packaging development for Visking Co., Chicago, a division of Union Carbide Corp., died suddenly. A veteran of many years in the meat packaging and casing field, he was president of Flexible Packaging Co., Chicago, before joining Visking and also had served as sales manager of Tee-Pak, Inc., Chicago.

JACK MERLIN, a partner in Trojan Meat Co., Los Angeles, has passed away. Survivors include his brother, MAX, who is vice president of the Associated Meat Jobbers of Southern California.

Chris Stecker, 70, co-founder of Aster Meats, Inc., Akron, O., died recently. He retired in 1956 after 53 years in the meat industry.

RAY E. DRENNER, 61, veteran cattle buyer who opened his own livestock order buying service 18 months ago at Dixie National Stockyards, Memphis, has passed away. Drenner served as head livestock buyer for Abraham Bros. Packing Co., Memphis, from 1936 until 1950 when the firm was purchased by Wilson & Co., Inc. He remained as head cattle buyer for Wilson for six years before being transferred to Quincy, Ill., to set up a new system of direct buying stations for the company. He then returned to Memphis to establish his own firm.

WILLIAM J. O'CONNOR, 77, vice chairman of the Union Stock Yard & Transit Co. of Chicago, died July 4. He had become known as "Mr. Stock Yard" in 51 years of association with the yards and the International Live Stock Exposition. O'Connor became general manager of the stockyards in 1944, vice president of the company in 1951, executive vice president in 1953 and a director and vice chairman of the board in 1955. The widow, a son and a daughter survive.



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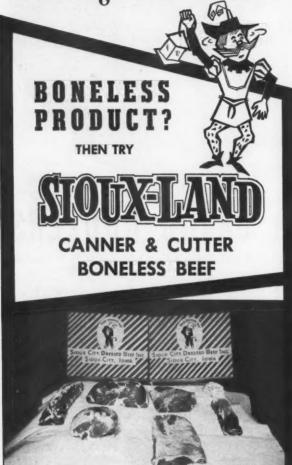
- light weight permit bigger payloads
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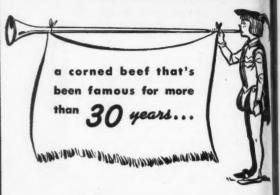


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Tee-Pak of Canada, Ltd. Toronto

# ALL MEAT... output, exports, imports, stocks

#### Meat Output Smallest Since July '54

Meat production under federal inspection for last week was the smallest for any week since July 1954 with an output of 299,000,000 lbs. Volume was about 49,000,000 lbs. below the previous week and about 12,000,000 lbs. under the corresponding 1957 week. Slaughter of all livestock was down for the week and below last year. Cattle kill fell off by about 49,000 head for the week and was about 39,000 head under last year. Hog slaughter was down by 148,000 for the week but about 51,000 head above the same week a year ago. Estimated slaughter and meat production by classes appear below as follows:

			EEF		POI		
Week Ended		Number M's	Production Mil. lbs.		(Excl.	lard) Production	
		204	164.9		M's 805	MII. Ibs.	
July 5, 1958	-	279	191.4		953	135.0	
June 28, 1958		343	181.9	*	754	104.9	
July 6, 1957		333	181.9		/54	104.9	
		V	EAL		LAMB AND		TOTAL
Week Ended		Number	Production		MUTTON		MEAT
***** -		M's	Mil. Ibs.	Num		luction	PROD.
		•		M'	s Mil	. lbs.	MII. Ibs
July 5, 1958		83	10.7	193		8.5	299
June 28, 1958		91	11.7	222		7.8	348
July 6, 1957		103	13.5			0.5	311
	********	VIII. Callle	462,118; Hogs,	1 859 215-	Calves 200	SSS: Sheep 4	and Lambs
369,561.	WEEK'S	KILL: Carrie,	402,110, 110gs,	.100,12,01		,000, 011000	
369,561.		KILL: Cattle	, 154,814; Hogs,	641,000;	Calves, 55,		nd Lamb
369,561. 1950-58 LOW		KILL: Cattle		641,000;	Calves, 55,		
369,561. 1950-58 LOW 137,677.	WEEK'S	KILL: Cattle	, 154,814; Hogs,	641,000;	Calves, 55,		nd Lamb
369,561. 1950-58 LOW	WEEK'S	KILL: Cattle	, 154,814; Hogs,	641,000;	Calves, 55,	241; Sheep a	and Lamb
369,561. 1950-58 LOW 137,677. Week Ended	WEEK'S	KILL: Cattle  AVERAG  C.  Live	E WEIGHT AN	641,000;	Calves, 55,	241; Sheep a	and Lamb
369,561. 1950-58 LOW 137,677. Week Ended	WEEK'S	AVERAG Live	E WEIGHT AN ATTLE Dressed	641,000;	Calves, 55, (LBS.)	241; Sheep a	and Lamb
369,561. 1950-58 LOW 137,677. Week Ended July 5, 1958 June 28, 1958	WEEK'S	AVERAG C. Live	E WEIGHT AN ATTLE Dressed 561 558	641,000;	Calves, 55, (LBS.) Live 352	241; Sheep a	and Lamb
369,561. 1950-58 LOW 137,677. Week Ended July 5, 1958 June 28, 1958	WEEK'S	AVERAG Live	E WEIGHT AN ATTLE Dressed 561 558	641,000; D YIELD	Calves, 55, (LBS.) Live 352 253 248	241; Sheep a HOGS Dresse 142 142 139	and Lambi
369,561. 1950-58 LOW 137,677. Week Ended July 5, 1958 June 28, 1958 July 6, 1957	WEEK'S	AVERAG C. Live 1,010 1,008 974	E WEIGHT AN ATTLE Dressed 561 558 546	641,000; D YIELD	Calves, 55, (LBS.) Live 352 253 248	HOGS Dresse 142 142 139 LARD	PROD.
369,561. 1950-58 LOW 137,677. Week Ended July 5, 1958 June 28, 1958	WEEK'S	AVERAG C. Live 1,010 1,008 974	E WEIGHT AN ATTLE Dressed 561 558	641,000; D YIELD	Calves, 55, (LBS.) Live 352 253 248 EP AND MBS	HOGS Dresse 142 142 139 LARD	PROD.
369,561. 1950-58 LOW 137,677. Week Ended July 5, 1958 June 28, 1958 July 6, 1957 Week Ended	WEEK'S	KILL: Cattle  AVERAG C. Live  1,010 1,008 974  C. Live	, 154,814; Hogs, E WEIGHT AN ATTLE Dressed 561 558 546 ALVES Dressed	641,000; D YIELD SHEE LAI	Calves, 55, (LBS.) Live 352 253 248 EP AND MBS Dressed	HOGS Dresse 142 142 139 LARD	PROD.
369,561. 1950-58 LOW 137,677. Week Ended July 5, 1958 June 28, 1958 July 6, 1957 Week Ended July 5, 1958	WEEK'S	AVERAG C. Live 1,010 1,008 974 C. Live 233	, 154,814; Hogs, SE WEIGHT AN ATTLE Dressed 561 558 546 ALVES Dressed 129	SHEE	Calves, 55, (LBS.) Live 352 253 248 IP AND MBS Dressed 44	HOGS Dresse 142 142 139 LARD	PROD. Mil. lbs. 31.5
369,561. 1950-58 LOW 137,677. Week Ended July 5, 1958 June 28, 1958 July 6, 1957 Week Ended	WEEK'S	KILL: Cattle  AVERAG  C.  Live  1,010 1,008 974  C.  Live 233 232	, 154,814; Hogs, E WEIGHT AN ATTLE Dressed 561 558 546 ALVES Dressed	641,000; D YIELD SHEE LAI	Calves, 55, (LBS.) Live 352 253 248 EP AND MBS Dressed	HOGS Dresse 142 142 139 LARD Per cwt.	PROD.

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12, 1958

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## May Meat Output 10% Below Year Ago

Production of meat in commercial slaughter plants in May totaled 1,948,000,000 lbs. for a small decrease from April volume of 1,987,000,000 lbs., and a 10 per cent drop from last year's May output of 2,166,000,000 lbs. The five-month aggregate at 9,919,000,000 lbs. represented an 8 per cent drop from the 10,771,000,000 lbs. produced in the same period last year. Slaughter of all livestock was down from numbers butchered in May of 1957, with that of cattle off 13 per cent, and hogs down 10 per cent from a year earlier. Estimated monthly commercial livestock slaughter and meat production by classes appear below as follows:

	C	OMM	ERCIA	LI	VESTOC	K SLA	UGHTI	RI	NONI	HS,	IN 00	's, 1958	-57	
			C	attle		C	alves		H	OFE		Sheer	o & La	mhs
			1958		1957	1958	198	7	1958		1957	1958		1957
Jan.			2,201.9	2.	473.3	904.4	1.06	7.5	6.714.0	6.	879.8	1.196.	3 1	,489,2
Feb.			1,767.3		.998.6	775.1		0.5	5,421.4		995.1	1.051	7 1	.220.9
Mar.			1.841.9		.038.2	864.1	1,02		5,792.5		383.0	1,119		.142.6
Apr.			1,878.9		.028.8	800.2		5.2	5,920.8		979.0	1,298		.218.1
May			1,952.4		250.6	716.1		3.7	5,300.5		867.4	1,268		2.286.5
June				2	.074.8	****		0.1	0,000.0		794.6	****		,185.6
July					364.0			5.6			032.7			.358.8
Aug			****		.316.8		1.00		****		309.4	***		.259.0
Sept					,206.4		1.03		****		995.7	***		.243.1
Oct.		*****	****		.423.8		1.16				.223.2	***		.366.7
Nov					.030.3	****		8.5			532.7	***		.087.3
Dec.					.979.1			1.1	****		608.4	0.01		1.103.1
	-May		9,642.4			4.059.9			29,148,7		,009.8	5,933		3,351.6
san.	-MINJ		9,012.1	10	,000.0	2,000.0	2,00		20,110.6	91	,000.0	0,900	.0 (	1,001.0
COM	OKER(	CIAL	MEAT	AND	LARD I	PRODU	CTION	BY	MONTHS				MDS, 1	958-57
			Bee		Ve		Por		L &		Tot			ard
			1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	195	7 1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957
Jan.			1.210	1.824	108	127	892	913	59	72	2,267	2,486	221	226
Feb.				1,081	86	107	709	778	53	60	1,809	2,026	170	198
Mar				1.098	92	111	774	831		56	1,908	2,096	177	215
Apr.				1.084	91	113	807	786	65	57	1.987	2.041	188	207
May				1,201	90	117	734	785		60	1.948	2,166	178	211
June				1.085	200	114	***	668		53	***	1,915	***	174
July				1,218	***	182	***	687		60	***	2,097	***	166
Aug				1,195	***	137		694		56		2,082		159
Sepi				1.149	***	180		760		56		2,095		173
Oct.				1,266		140	***	931		62		2,403		216
					0.00		***					2,091		
				1 087										
Nov				1,087	***	109	***	868		50	***		***	207
Nov Dec.				1,067 1,063 5,795	465	98 578		881 4.095	3	58 305	9,919	2,097	934	216 1,056

#### **AMI PROVISION STOCKS**

Provision stocks as reported to the American Meat Institute totaled 144,-200,000 lbs. on June 28. This volume was 27 per cent below the 196,400,-000 lbs. in stock about a year earlier.

Stocks of lard and rendered pork fat at 38,700,000 lbs. compared with 64,100,000 lbs. in stock about a year earlier.

The accompanying table shows stocks as percentages of holdings two weeks before and a year earlier.

pe in June	e 28 stocks as ercentages of ventories on 28 June 29 38 1957
HAMS:	1901
Cured, S.PD.C. 92 Frozen for cure, S.PD.C 80 Total hams 84	61
PICNICS:	
Cured, S.PD.C	46
Total picnics 97	55
BELLIES: Cured, D.S	192
OTHER CURED MEATS:	
Cured and in cure	41
FAT BACKS: Cured, D.S102	114
FRESH FROZEN:	
Loins, spareribs, neckbones,	
trimmings, other—Total 96	
TOT. ALL PORK MEATS 80	
LARD & R.P.F 91	. 66

# Are Meat Prices Too High? 'No,' Says Corn Belt Feeder

Are meat prices too high? The answer depends on who you are. The city housewife would reply, "out of sight." But the real answer lies in facts and figures, says John H. Litzelman, president of the Corn Belt Livestock Feeders Association, who adds that "meat is still a bargain at today's prices, compared with other commodities and income.

"Over a ten-year period, we find that wages have gone up 46 per cent; consumer products other than food, 25 per cent; and choice beef and pork at retail have risen 14 and 6 per cent, respectively," according to tabulations cited by the president of the CBLFA.

Average weekly earnings of workers in construction, and retail trades increased 46 per cent from \$54.91 in 1948 to \$80.53 in 1958, whereas, on the 1947-49 average, choice beef (all cuts) was 68.5c per lb. and for the first three months of 1958 averaged 78.2c per lb., or up 14 per cent. In the same period, pork rose an average of 6 per cent, Litzelman points out.

# PROCESSED MEATS . . . SUPPLIES

#### Heavy ANZAC Beef Imports Are Reaching West Coast

SAN FRANCISCO, July 1: About four vessels from Australia and New Zealand will be unloading frozen cow and bull beef in the near future.

The s. s. Mariposa came in on June 30th; the Orsovia is expected within the next two or three days and the "Argentine Reefer" late in the week. It is anticipated that all of these boats will contain meat cargoes for delivery in San Francisco. Considerable portions will be unloaded at Los Angeles. Shipments will be made into the interior. Fully 85 per cent of the material is suitable for sausage material, although beef briskets may be cured and sold as such.

A summary of data taken from the ship manifest filed at the U. S. custom house in San Francisco for the s. s. "African Reefer" from New Zealand which was unloaded June 27 shows:

	DESCRIPTION POUNDS Rounded
2,700 1,900 2,860 525 316	Cartons boneless cow beef 1,055.000 Cartons boneless bull beef 173,000 Cartons boneless beef (no sex) 133.000 Cartons frozen beef 176,000 Cartons frozen beef 176,000 Cartons beef trimmings 33.000 Quarters, wrapped, frozen beef 83.000 Cartons veal, boneless, frozen 12,000
	TOTAL SAN FRANCISCO 1 625 000

Frozen meat on the "African Reefer" consigned for unloading at Los Angeles

Ange	ies.	
600	Quarters of beef	90,000
24,600	Cartons boneless cow beef	1,680,000
4,500	Cartons boneless bull meat	337.000
2,900	Cartons boneless beef	185,900
600	Cartons boneless beef briskets	35,000
985	Cartons beef cuts	52,000
219	Cartons lamb necks and loins,	
	frozen	10,400
250	Cartons lamb legs and shoulders	11,70
	TOTAL TOS ANCETES	0 400 00

During the month of June in-ship-

ments to the port of San Francisco from Australia and New Zealand totaled 7,757,000 lbs. of beef; 76,500 lbs. veal; lamb, 72,500 lbs. and mutton 280,400 lbs.

#### Fats for Export to Dutch May Contain Antioxidants

The Meat Inspection Division, in Memorandum No. 227, revised, announced that the following antioxidants may be added to rendered animal fats or to combinations of rendered animal fats and vegetable fats exported to the Netherlands: dodecylgallate, octylgallate and propyl gallate. Permitted amount of the antioxidants may not exceed 0.01 per cent when they are used either singly or in combination, the memorandum says. The memo also points out that the use of dodecylgallate and octylgallate is restricted to product for export under the conditions outlined in part 18.8 of the meat inspection regulations since the antioxidants are not among those listed in part 18.7(d) of the regulations.

#### U. S. LIVESTOCK IMPORTS

Number of cattle and calves from Canada and Mexico passed for entry into the United States in May, five months 1958-57 are listed below:

			Canada Head	Head
May 1958			20,848	53,171
May 1957			11,062	35,256
JanMay	1958		202,638	259,419
JanMay	1957		26,557	141,019
16.945 she	eep an	d 1.062	t five months hogs entered 58 sheep and	from Can-
in the sa	me pe	riod of	1957.	dod noge

NOTE: The above table includes slaughter in federally inspected plants and in other wholesale and retail plants, but not farm slaughter.

#### **MEAT PRODUCTS EXPORTS**

Exports of most meat products from the United States in April decreased from volume shipped out in 1957.

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Exports of fresh or frozen beef and veal at 438,315 lbs. were a small fraction of the 3,005,562 lbs. shipped in April 1957. The outward movement of lard fell to 21,608,246 lbs. from April 1957 exports of 43,782,836 lbs. Exports of inedible tallow fell to 75,717,441 lbs. from 125,180,538 lbs. The USDA reports as follows:

Commodity	April 1958	April 1957
EXPORTS (Domestic)-	Pounds	Pounda
Beef and veal-		100
Fresh or frozen		90
(except canned)	438,815	3,005,502
Pickled or cured	200,020	0,000,000
(except canned)	637,752	1,368,546
Pork-	551,152	2,000,020
Fresh or frozen		. 1997
(except canned)	528,124	529,222
Hams and shoulders,	,	
cured or cooked	1.332.824	1,440,915
Bacon		166,686
Pork, pickled, salted or		
otherwise cured	600,609	2,440,191
Sausage, bologna & frank-		
furters (except canned)	208,718	1,152,708
Meat and meat products,		-
(except canned)	***	5,409,454
Beef and pork livers,		
fresh or frozen	1,087,398	3
Beef tongues,		
fresh or frozen	1,442,217	1
Varity meats		
(except canned)		1
Meat specialities, frozen	515,708	1
Canned meats—		
Beef and veal	. 96,436	249,000
Sausage, bologna		
and frankfurters		337,549
Hams and shoulders		
Pork, canned	. 312,564	292,283
Meat and meat		
products, canned	. 332,345	200,040
Lamb and mutton		
(except canned)	. 32,617	87,632
Lard (includes rendered		
pork fat)	.21,608,296	43,782,88
Shortenings, animal fat		
(excl. lard)		74,570
Tallow, edible	. 782,149	641,36
Tallow, inedible	.75,717,441	125,180,530
Inedible animal oils	. 300,375	155,111
Inedible animal greases		
and fats	. 6,665,657	7,933,37

<sup>1</sup>Not reported separately prior to Januar 1958. Compiled from official records, Burea of the Census.

#### DOMESTIC SAUSAGE

Pork sausage, bulk, (lcl. lb.) in 1-lb, roll49 @49½
Pork saus., s.c., 1-lb, pk.64 @67
Franks, s.c., 1-lb, pk,69 @76
Franks, skinless,
1-lb. package56 @57
Bologna, ring (bulk)56 @65
Bologna, art. cas., bulk.47 @49
Bologna, a.c., sliced,
6-7 oz. pk., doz 3.25@3.84
Smoked liver h.b., bulk 56 @63
Smoked liver, a.c., bulk.45@ 52
Polish saus., smoked65 @70
New Eng. lunch spec67 @76
New Eng. lunch spec With
sliced, 6-7, os., dos 4.06@4.92
Olive loaf, bulk514 @594
O.L., sliced 6-7 os., doz. 3.33@3.85
Blood, tongue, h.b68 @72
Blood tongue, n.b00 @12
Blood, tongue, a.c 451/2@68
Pepper loaf, bulk65½@79
P.L., sliced, 6-7 ox., doz.3.33@4.80
Pickle & pimento loaf 481/2055
P.&P. loaf, sliced,
6-7 os., dosen3.24@3.60

#### DRY SAUSAGE

		1b.)	
Cervelat, ch.	hog	bungs.	.1.07@1.09
Thuringer			. 66@68
Farmer			91@93
Holsteiner			77@79
Salami, B. C			99@1.01
Salami, Geno	a st	yle	1.11@1.13
Salami, cook	ed .		58@60
Pepperoni			97@99
Sicilian			1.02@1.04
Goteborg			91@93
Mortadella		******	66@68

#### SEEDS AND HERBS

	2EED3	AND	DEK	
(lel.	Ib.)	1	Whole	Ground
Cumi	way seed nos seed ard seed.		. 19½ . 42	24 1/ <sub>9</sub> 47
fan	low Ame	r	. 17	. 50
Coria	nder,			24
Marj	oram, Fre	ench	. 60	
Marj	oram, Fre	ench	. 60	65

#### SPICES

(Basis Chicago, original barrels, bags, bales)

Dags, Da	VC.	0)		
	W	hole	Ground	
Allspice, prime		86	- 92	
Resifted			1.01	
Chili, pepper			45	
Chili, powder			45	
Cloves, Zanzibar			69	
Ginger, Jam., unbl		59	65	
Mace, fancy, Banda			4.00	
West Indies			3.50	4
East Indies			3.20	
Mustard flour, fanc	У		40	
No. 1			36	
West Indies nutmeg			2.50	
Paprika, Amer. No.	1		48	
Paprika, Spanish			75	
Cayenne pepper			62	
Pepper:				
Red. No. 1			54	
White		55	60	

## SAUSAGE CASINGS (l.c.l. prices quoted to manu-

incturers of sausage)
Beef rounds: (Pet set)
Clear, 29/35 mm1.15@1.2
Clear. 35/38 mm1.00@1.20
Clear, 35/40 mm, 85@1.0
Clear, 38/40 mm,1.05@1.2
Clear, 40/44 mm1.30@1.5
Clear, 44 mm./up1.95@2.5
Not clear, 40 mm./dn. 75@ 8
Not clear, 40 mm./up. 85@ 9
Beef weasands: (Each
No. 1, 24 in./up 14@ 1
No. 1, 22 in./up 10@ 1
Beef middles: (Per set
Ex. wide, 21/2 in./up., 3.50@3.7

Narrow, 1% in./dn1	.10@1	.25
Beef bung caps:	(Ea	ch)
Clear, 5 in./up	33@	38
Clear, 41/2-5 inch	27@	32
Clear, 4-41/2 inch	18@	21
Clear, 31/4-4 inch18	51/2@	16
Not clear, 41/2 inch/up	17@	21
Beef bladders, salted:	(Ea	
7¼ inch/up, inflated		18
614-714 inch, nflated		15
5%-6% inch, inflated	13@	14
Donk andama. (r	on hor	

Spec. wide, 2%-2% in..2.60@2.70 Spec. med., 7%-2% in..1.50@1.60

Hog bungs:	(Each)
Sow. 34 in	ch cut62@67
Export, 34	in. cut55@59
Large prim	e, 34 in40@42
Med, prime	e, 34 in27@29
Small prim	1016@22
Middle, ca	p off60@70
	5@10
Hog runne	rs, green19@25
Sheep cashing	gs: (Per hank)
26/28 mm.	6.10@6.40
24/26 mm,	5.95@6.25
22/24 mm.	4.75@5.25
20/22 mm.	4.00@4.35
18/20 mm.	2.70@3.85
16/18 mm.	

#### CURING MATERIALS

Nitrite of soda, in 400-lb.	Cwt.
bbls., del. or f.o.b. Chgo	111.98
Pure refined gran.	
nitrate of soda	5.65
Pure refined powdered nitrate	
of soda	8.65
Salt, pepper sacked, f.o.b.	
Chgo, gran. carlots, ton	20.50
Rock salt in 100-lb.	0
bags, f.o.b. whse. Chgo	99 KB
Change, 1.0.D. Whise, Chgo	40.0V
Sugar:	A 07
Raw, 96 basis, f.o.b. N.Y	6.25
Refined standard cane	
gran, basis (Chgo.)	9.00
Packers curing sugar, 100-	
lb. bags, f.o.b. Reserve.	
	8.90
La., less 2%	0.00
Dextrose, regular:	- 40
Cerelose, (carlots cwt.)	7.46
Ex-warehouse, Chicago	7.61

# BEEF-VEAL-LAMB ... Chicago and outside

#### CHICAGO

July 8, 1958

WHOLESALE FRESH MEATS
CARCASS BEEF
Steers, gen. range: (carlots, lb.)
Prime, 700/800none quoted
Choice, 500/60043% @44
Choice, 600/700431/2@44
Choice, 700/80043 @481/2
Good, 500/600 411/2
Good, 600/700 411/3
Bull 401/21
Commercial cow 37
Canner-cutter cow36 @361/4
PRIMAL BEEF CUTS

ORTS

cts from

ecreased 1957. peef and

all fran pped in Ovement

os. from

782,836 v fell to

,538 lbs. ows:

> April Pounda

1,368,54

2,440,191 1,152,700

5,409,454

249.009 337,549 70,644 292,283

200,040 87,632

43,782,836 74,570 641,365 125,180,538 155,110 7,938,375

(Each)

.6.10@6.40 .5.95@6.25 .4.75@5.25 .4.00@4.35

RIALS

-lb, Cwt.

5.65 nitrate ..... 8.65 .o.b. ton... 80.50

hgo... 28.50 C.Y... 6.25

9.05 100-rve. 8.90

7.48

12, 1958

rime:	(Lb.
Rounds, all wts	581/2
Trimmed loins,	
50/70 lbs., (lcl)94	@1.10
Square chucks,	000
70/90 lbs. (lcl)371/	(Table

ı	Arm chucks, 80/11036 Ribs, 25/35 (lcl)64	@37 @66
п	Briskets (lcl)	30
	Navels, No. 124	@241/9
в	Flanks, rough No. 124	@241/2
п	Choice:	
	Hindgtrs., 5/800	521/6
в	Foregtrs., 5/800	36
	Rounds, 70/9052	@521/
	Tr. loins, 50/70 (lel).77	@80
	8q. chucks, 70/90371	4@38
в	Arm chucks, 80/11036	@37
в	Ribs, 25/35 (lel)52	@56
	Briskets (lcl)	30
8	Navels, No. 124	@241/
ı	Flanks, rough No. 124	@241/
ı	Good (all wts.):	

Good	aı	в.	1	w	T,	B		,	•									
Roun	ds																50	@51
																		@38
																		29
																		@52
Loin	8	0		0			0	0				0	0				70	@73
cow		ŀ		ı	1	U	I	U	L	J	1	Г	E	ı	N	l	DER	LOINS
	Roun Sq. Brish Ribs Loin	Rounds Sq. cl Brisket Ribs Loins	Rounds Sq. cht Briskets Ribs Loins .	Rounds Sq. chu- Briskets Ribs Loins	Rounds	Rounds Sq. chuck Briskets Ribs Loins	Rounds Sq. chucks Briskets Ribs Loins	Rounds Sq. chucks Briskets Ribs Loins	Rounds Sq. chucks Briskets Ribs Loins	Sq. chucks Briskets Ribs Loins	Rounds Sq. chucks Briskets Ribs Loins	Rounds	Rounds Sq. chucks Briskets Ribs Loins	Good (III Wis.):   Rounds				

	J/L			Froz.	C/L
70		Cow.	3/dn.		70
85		Cow	. 3/4		80
96		Cow	. 4/5		85
1.05@	1.10	Cow.	5/up	956	01.00
1.05@	1.10	Bull.	5/up	956	01.00

40.00			_	_	٠.	-	
Insides,	12/up.	1b.				. 60	@6014
Outsides.	8/np.	Ib.			-		56
Outsides, Knuckles,	714 /1	n Ih			•	80	@6014
	· /3/ u	P, 10			٠	. 00	(B) 00 /2
				_			

CARCASS	MUTTON

Choice, Good,	70/down	n, 1b.					.27	14
72	Innimal	h 144			_	٠.		

#### PEEE BROBUCTS

(Frozen, carlots,	1b.)
Tongues, No. 1, 100's	29
Tongues, No. 2, 100's	27
Hearts, regular, 100's	33
Livers, regular, 85/50's	28
Livers, selected, 35/50's	
Lips, scalded, 100's	20n
Lips, unscalded, 100's	
Tripe, scalded, 100's	
Tripe, cooked, 100's	
Melts	9
Lungs, 100's	9 @ 91/4
Udders, 100's	8

LWIACI MEWIS	
(lcl prices, lb.)	
Beef tongues, corned	27
Veal breads,	
under 12 oz	70
12 oz./up	89
Calf tongues, 1 lb./dn.	201/
Oxtails, fresh select 19	@20

#### BEEF SAUS, MATERIALS

PKESH	
Canner-cutter cow meat, barrels	(Lb.) 50n
Bull meat, boneless, barrels	581/4
Beef trimmings, 75/85%, barrels Beef trimmings.	43
85/90%, barrels473/ Boneless chucks,	@49
barrels Beef cheek meat,	501/2
trimmed, barrels Beef head meat, bbls	40n 36n
Veal trimmings, boneless, barrels51	@52
	0000

#### VEAL-SKIN OFF

	prices, cwt.)
Prime, 90/120	\$52.00@53.00
Prime, 120/150	, 51.00@52.00
	47.00@49.00
Choice, 120/150	46.00@48.00
Good, 90/150	44.00@45.00
Com'l, 90/190	41.00@43.00
Utility, 90/190	40.00@41.00
Cull, 60/125	35.00@38.00

#### CARCASS LAMB

	(lel	prices,	cwt.)
Prime,	30/45		\$53.00@56.00
Prime,	45/55		52.00@55.00
Prime,	55/65		None qtd.
Choice,	30/45		52.00@55.00
Choice,	45/55	*****	51.00@54.00
Choice,	55/65		
Good, a	Il wts.		47.00@53.00

#### PACIFIC COAST WHOLESALE MEAT PRICES

	Los Angeles	San Francisco	No. Portland
FRESH BEEF (Carcass):	July 8	July 8	July 8
Choice:			
	\$47.00@49.00 46.00@47.00	\$47.00@49.00 46.00@47.00	\$47.00@49.00 46.00@48.00
Good:		20100@21100	10.00@10.00
	44.00@47.00 42.00@44.00	44.00@45.00 42.00@44.00	46.00@47.50 45.00@47.00
Standard:			
350-600 lbs	41.00@43.00	40.00@43.00	43.00@45.50
COW:			
Standard, all wts		87.00@40.00	None quoted
Commercial, all wts	. 37.00@40.00	34.00@37.00	88.50@41.00
Utility, all wts	. 87.00@39.00	35.00@36.00	87,50@39.00
Canner-cutter	. 31.00@35.00 . 41.00@43.00	88.00@35.00 40.00@42.00	36.00@38.00 46.00@48.00
FRESH CALF; Choice:	(Skin-off)	(Skin-off)	(Skin-off)
200 lbs. down	. 51.00@55.00	None quoted	50.00@53.00
Good: 200 lbs. down	. 47.00@52.00	47.00@49.00	46.00@51.00
LAMB (Carcass):			
Prime:			
45-55 lbs		46.00@50.00 44.00@46.00	46.00@48.50 None quoted
Choice:	. 20100 @ 20100		
45-55 lbs	. 49.00@51.00	48.00@50.00	46.00@48.50
55-65 lbs.		44.00@46.00	None quoted
Good, all wts		42.00@46.00	42.00@46.00
MUTTON (Ewe):			40.4
Choice, 70 lbs./down	. 20.00@22.00	None quoted	20.00@22.00
Good, 70 lbs./down	. 20.00@22.00	20.00@22.00	20,00@22.00

#### **NEW YORK**

July 8, 1958

## WHOLESALE FRESH MEATS BEEF CARCASSES, CUTS

	(lel	prices)		
Steer:		(We	stern,	cwt.)
Prime,	carc.,	6/700.		
Prime.	care	7/800.		252.00
Choice,	carc	6/700.	48.006	248.00
Choice.	carc.,	7/800.		47.50
Good, o	arc.	6/700	43.006	245.50
Good, c	arc	7/800	43.506	45.00
Hinds.,	pr.,	6/700	57.006	63.00
Hinds.,		7/800	58.006	@63.00
Hinds	ch.,	6/700	54.006	257.00
Hinds	ch	7/800	54,006	258.00
Hinds	gd.,	6/700	52.006	254.00
Hinds.,	gd.,	7/800	51.000	254.00

#### REEF CUTS

(Local, lcl prices, lb.)  Prime steer: Hindqtrs., 600/700	BEEL COIS
Hindqtrs., 800/700 .57 @65 Hindqtrs., 700/800 .59 @54 Hindqtrs., 800/900 .59 @55 Rounds, dank off .51 @55 Rounds, diamond bone, flank off .52 @56 Short loins, untrim. 82 @94 Short loins, untrim. 82 @94 Short loins, untrim. 82 @94 Short loins, trim 1.04@1.19 Flanks .24 @25 Ribs (7 bone cut) .65 @73 Arm chucks .39 @42 Briskets .32 @35 Plates .25½@28 Choice steer: Hindqtrs., 800/700 .55 @58 Hindqtrs., 800/900 .55 @58 Hindqtrs., 800/900 .55 .36 Rounds, diamond bone, flank off .50 @54 Rounds, diamond bone, flank off .51 @55 Short loins, untrim .70 @77 Short loins, untrim .70 @77 Short loins, untrim .90 @97 Flanks .24 @25 Arm chucks .37½@40 Arm chucks .37½@40	(Local, lcl prices, lb.)
Hindqtrs., 800/700 .57 @65 Hindqtrs., 700/800 .59 @54 Hindqtrs., 800/900 .59 @55 Rounds, flank off .51 @55 Rounds, diamond bone, flank off .52 @56 Short loins, untrim. 82 @94 Short loins, untrim. 82 @94 Short loins, untrim. 82 @94 Short loins, trim 1.04@1.19 Flanks .24 @25 Ribs (7 bone cut) .65 @75 Arm chucks .39 @42 Briskets .32 @35 Plates .25½@28 Choice steer: Hindqtrs., 700/800 .55 @58 Hindqtrs., 700/800 .55 @58 Hindqtrs., 800/900 .55 %65 Hindqtrs., 800/900 .55 %65 Rounds, diamond bone, flank off .50 @77 Short loins, untrim70 @77 Short loins, untrim90 @97 Flanks .24 @25 Ribs (7 bone cut) .56 @62 Arm chucks .37½@40 Arm chucks .37½@40 Arm chucks .37½@40 Arm chucks .37½@40 Briskets .31	Prime steer:
Hindqtrs., 700/800 .59 @65 Rounds, flank off .51 @55 Rounds, flank off .51 @55 Rounds, diamond bone, flank off .52 @56 Short loins, untrim .82 @94 Short loins, trim .1.04@1.19 Flanks .24 @25 Ribs (7 bone cut) .65 @73 Arm chucks .39 @42 Briskets .32 @35 Plates .25½@28 Choice steer: .25½@28 Choice steer: .25½@28 Choice steer: .56 @58 Hindqtrs., 800/900 .55 @58 Hindqtrs., 800/900 .57 @58 Hindqtrs., 600/900 .50 @58 Hindqtrs., 600/900 .50 @58 Hindqtrs., 600/900 .50 @58 Hindqtrs., 600/900 .50 @58 Hindqtrs.,	Hindatrs. 600/70057 @65
Hindqtrs., 800/900 .59 @65. Rounds, flank off .51 @55. Rounds, dlamond bone, flank off .52 @56. Short loins, untrim. 82 @94. Short loins, untrim. 82 @94. Short loins, trim 1.04@1.19. Flanks .24 @25. Ribs (7 bone cut) .65 @73. Arm chucks .39 @42. Briskets .32 @35. Plates .25½@28. Choice steer: Hindqtrs., 700/800 .55 @58. Hindqtrs., 700/800 .55 @58. Hindqtrs., 800/900 .55 %65. Rounds, dlamond bone, flank off .50 @54. Rounds, dlamond bone, flank off .50 @75. Short loins, untrim .70 @77. Short loins, trim .90 @97. Flanks .24 @25. Ribs (7 bone cut) .56 @62. Arm chucks .37½@40. Briskets .31 @34.	Hindairs. 700/80059 @54
Rounds, flank off 51 @55 Rounds, diamond bone, flank off 52 @56 Short loins, untrim 22 @29 Short loins, trim 1,04@1.19 Flanks 24 @25 Ribs (7 bone cut) 55 @78 Arm chucks 39 @42 Briskets 32 @35 Plates 25½@25 Choice steer: 25½@25 Choice steer: 55 @58 Hindqtrs, 800/700 55 @58 Rounds, flank off 60 Short loins, untrim 70 @77 Short loins, trim 90 @77 Short loins, trim 90 @77 Flanks 24 @25 Ribs (7 bone cut) 56 @62 Arm chucks 37½@40 Briskets 31 @34	Hindgtrs., 800/90059 @65
Rounds, diamond bone, flank off 52 @56 Short loins, untrim. 82 @94 Short loins, trim 1,04e1.19 Flanks 24 @25 Ribs (7 bone cut) 65 @73 Arm chucks 39 @42 Briskets 32 @35 Plates 25½@28 Choice steer: Hindqtrs. 700/800 55 @58 Hindqtrs. 700/800 55 @58 Hindqtrs. 800/900 54½@56 Rounds, flank off 50 @54 Rounds, diamond bone, flank off 51 @55 Short loins, trim 70 @77 Short loins, trim 90 @97 Flanks 24 @25 Ribs (7 bone cut) 66 @62 Arm chucks 37½@40 Briskets 31 @34	Rounds, flank off51 @55
flank off 52 @56 Short loins, untrim. 82 @94 Short loins, trim 1.04@1.19 Flanks 24 @25 Ribs (7 bone cut) 65 @73 Arm chucks 39 @42 Briskets 32 @35 Plates 25½@25 Choice steer: 25½@25 Choice steer: 65 @58 Hindqtrs. 600/700 .55 @58 Hindqtrs. 600/700 .55 @58 Hindqtrs. 600/700 .50 @58 Hindqtrs. 700/800 .55 @58 Hindqtrs. 700/800 .55 @58 Hindqtrs. 700/800 .55 @58 Hindqtrs. 700/800 .55 @58 Ribs (7 bone cut) .56 @62 Arm chucks 37½@40 Briskets 31	Rounds, diamond bone,
Short loins, untrim. 82 @94 Short loins, trim 1,04@1.19 Flanks 24 @25 Ribs (7 bone cut) 65 @73 Arm chucks 39 @42 Briskets 32 @35 Plates 25½@28 Choice steer: Hindqtrs, 700/800 .55 @58 Hindqtrs, 700/800 .55 @58 Hindqtrs, 800/900 .55 %45 Rounds, flank off .50 @54 Rounds, diamond bone, flank off .51 @55 Short loins, trim .70 @77 Short loins, trim .90 @97 Flanks 24 @25 Ribs (7 bone cut) .56 @62 Arm chucks 37½@40 Briskets 311 @34	flank off
Short loins, trim	Short loins, untrim, 82 @94
Flanks 24 625 Ribs (7 bone cut) 65 673 Arm chucks 39 642 Briskets 32 635 Plates 25½628 Choice steer: Hindqtres, 700/800 .55 658 Hindqtres, 700/800 .55 658 Hindqtres, 800/900 .55 4½656 Rounds, flank off .50 654 Rounds, diamond bone, flank off .51 655 Short loins, turim .70 677 Short loins, turim .90 697 Flanks 24 625 Ribs (7 bone cut) .56 662 Arm chucks 37½640 Briskets 31 634	Short loins, trim1.04@1.19
Ribs (7 bone cut) .65 @73 Arm chucks .39 @42 Briskets .32 @35 Plates .25 ½@28 Cholce steer: .25 ½@28 Cholce steer: .25 ½@28 Hindqtrs., 700/800 .55 @58 Hindqtrs., 800/900 .54 ½@56 Rounds, flank off .50 @54 Rounds, diamond bone .30 & 25 & 25 & 25 & 25 & 25 & 25 & 25 & 2	Flanks
Briskets 32 @35 Plates 25½@28 Choice steer:	Ribs (7 bone cut)65 @73
Plates	
Choice steer: Hindqtrs, 7600/700 .55 @58 Hindqtrs, 700/800 .55 @58 Hindqtrs, 800/900 .54½@56 Rounds, flank off50 @54 Rounds, diamond bone, flank off 51 @55 Short loins, untrim. 70 @77 Short loins, trim. 90 @97 Flanks 24 @25 Ribs (7 bone cut) .56 @62 Arm chucks 37½@40 Briskets 31 @34	
Hindqtrs, 600/70055 @58 Hindqtrs, 700/80055 @58 Hindqtrs, 800/90054 ½@56 Rounds, flank off50 @54 Rounds, diamond bone, fank off51 @55 Short loins, untrim70 @77 Short loins, trim90 @97 Flanks24 @25 Ribs (7 bone cut)56 @62 Arm chucks37½@40 Briskets31 @34	Plates251/2@28
Hindqtrs, 700/80055658 Hindqtrs, 800/90054\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Choice steer:
Hindqtrs., 800/900541/2656 Rounds, flank off50 @54 Rounds, diamond bone, flank off51 @55 Short loins, untrim70 @77 Short loins, trim 90 @97 Flanks24 @25 Ribs (7 bone cut)56 @62 Arm chucks371/2640 Briskets31 @30	Hindqtrs., 600/70055 @58
Rounds, diamond bone, fank off 51 @55 Short loins, untrim .70 @77 Short loins, trim .90 @97 Flanks 24 @25 Ribs (7 bone cut) .56 @62 Arm chucks 37½ @40 Briskets 31 @34	Hindqtrs., 700/80055 @58
Rounds, diamond bone, fank off 51 @55 Short loins, untrim .70 @77 Short loins, trim .90 @97 Flanks 24 @25 Ribs (7 bone cut) .56 @62 Arm chucks 37½ @40 Briskets 31 @34	Hindqtrs., 800/90054 1/2 @ 56
flank off 51 @55 Short loins, untrim. 70 @77 Short loins, trim. 90 @97 Flanks 24 @25 Ribs (7 bone cut) 56 @62 Arm chucks 37½@40 Briskets 31 @34	Rounds, flank off 50 @54
Short loins, untrim. 70 @77 Short loins, trim. 90 @97 Flanks 24 @25 Ribs (7 bone cut) .56 @62 Arm chucks 37½@40 Briskets 31 @34	Rounds, diamond bone,
Short loins, trim.     90 @97       Flanks     24 @25       Ribs (7 bone cut)     .56 @25       Arm chucks     .37½ @40       Briskets     .31 @34	
Flanks	
Ribs (7 bone cut)56 @62 Arm chucks	
Arm chucks37½ @40 Briskets31 @34	
Briskets31 @34	Kibs (7 bone cut)50 4602
	Arm enucks
Pintes	
	Plates

FANCY MEATS

	-	[lel	pr	ice	8)	1						
											(1	Lb.
Veal	breads,	6/	12	04								8
12	og, up											1.3
Beef	livers, kidney	sel	ecte	d			۰		۰			- 4
Beef	kidney	8						0				3
Oxta	ils, %-1	D.	Iro2	en					0	0.1		- 4

#### LAMB

(lcl carcass prices, cwt.)

	Local
Prime, 30/40\$ Prime, 40/45 Prime, 45/55 Prime, 55/65	56.00@59.00 56.00@59.00 55.00@58.00 55.00@57.00
Choice, 30/40 Choice, 40/45 Choice, 45/55 Choice, 55/65 Good, 30/40 Good, 40/45	56,00@58,00 56,00@58,00 54,00@58,00 53,00@57,00 53,00@55,00 53,00@55,00 53,00@56,00
Good, 45/55	Western 54.00@56.00
Prime, 45/55 Prime, 45/55 Prime, 55/65 Choice, 45/6n Choice, 45/55 Choice, 45/55 Choice, 45/65 Good, 45/6n	53.00@55.00 None quoted 54.00@56.00 52.50@55.00 52.00@53.00 50.00@52.00 51.00@58.00
VEAL-SKIN	
(lcl carcass prices) Prime, 90/120 Prime, 120/150 Choice, 90/120 Choice, 120/155 Good, 56/90 Good, 50/90 Stand, 50/90 Stand, 90/120 Caif, 200/dn, ch Caif, 200/dn, gd. Caif, 200/dn, std.	Western \$53.00@56.00 None quoted 46.00@51.00 None quoted 43.00@46.00 43.00@46.00 40.00@42.00 40.00@42.00 38.00@40.00 37.00@39.00

#### NEW YORK RECEIPTS

LATA	IONN	MEGE	
Marketin July 5,	ts reported g Service 1958, with	compar	ended
Week Week	AND HEIR ended July previous .	5	8,653 8,999
COW: Week Week		5	777 585
BULL: Week Week		5	279 473
	ended July previous	5	8,986 6,652
Week	ended July previous	5	26,070 41,446
Week	ended July previous	5	482 2,595
Week Week	ND PIG: ended July previous	5	6.422 7,797
Week	ended July previous		Lbs. 128,378 112,890
Week	and CALI ended July previous	у В	3,000 6,000
Week Week	AND MUT ended Jul previous	у 5	316 1,706
Week	ended Jul; previous	******	708,658 831,589
Week Week	CURED: ended Jul previous	у 5	5,118
Week	CURED All ended Jul	y 5	299,903 237,390
	NAME AND	Pegpn W	TAT

COUL	THY DRESSEI	U	ALL:	7.7
VEAL: Week Week	ended July 5 . previous			3,489 3,893
HOGS: Week Week	ended July 5 . previous			22 10
	ended July 5 .			70 49

TOOUT DIVOGUITER	
CATTLE: Week ended July 5 Week previous	10,377 13,479
CALVES: Week ended July 5 Week previous	8,500 10,602
Week ended July 5 Week previous	36,925 46,910
Week ended July 5 Week previous	31,342 38,636

#### California Beef Promotion

The California Beef Council has taken steps to initiate and accelerate a program of beef promotion and consumer education. The council's board of directors, meeting last week in San Francisco, laid plans for research, public relations, and budget and consumer education.

The directors appointed Hoefer, Dietrich & Brown, a San Francisco advertising agency, to conduct the program. With the announcement of the agency to handle the account, manager Walter Rodman said: "Our ten-point beef promotion and consumer education program is ready to be launched."

# PORK AND LARD ... Chicago and outside

#### CHICAGO PROVISION MARKETS

From the National Provisioner Daily Market Service

#### CASH PRICES

(Carlot basis, Chicago price sone, July 9, 1958)

BRINNED HAMS	BELLIES		
F.F.A. or fresh Frozen 4614 10/12 46 47 12/14 47 483,@49 14/16 4814 4814,@49 16/18 4714 4804614 18/20 46 4214 20/22 4214 40 22/24 40	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$		
871/2 24/26 371/2	Gr. Am., froz., fresh D.S. Clear		
37½ 25/30 37½n 36 25/up, 2's in 36	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
PICNICS	26 35/40 26n 23 40/50 24% n		
F.F.A. or fresh Frozen 84 4/6 34	Branding quality D.S. Bellies		
34     4/6     34       32     6/8     32       32     8/10     32n       32     10/12     31½n	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
30½ 12/14 30½n 30½ 8/up, 2's in 30½n	FRESH PORK CUTS Job Lot Car Lot 53 Loins, und. 12 50½ 51 Loins, 12/16 49½a		
FAT BACKS	42 Loins, 16/20 40		
Frozen or fresh Cured	38 Loins, over 20 36 471/4@48 Butts, 4/8 45@47		
9%n 6,8 11n 12n 8/10 13 12n 16/12 13b 12½n 12/14 13½ 12½n 12/14 13½ 12½n 14/16 13½ 12¾n 16/18 13½ 12¾n 16/18 13¾ 13n 18/20 13¾(214 13n 20/25 13¾(214	1174 9.25 Butts, \$7/2 2002 1411/20 1411/20 Butts, \$7/2 8 411/20 1411/20 Butts, over 8 411/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141/20 141		

#### n-nominal, b-bid, a-asked. LARD FUTURES PRICES

NOTE: Add 1/2c to all price quo-tions ending in 2 or 7.

#### THURSDAY, JULY 3, 1958

	Open	High	Low	Close
July	12.42	12.42	12.30	12,30b
Sept.	11.90	11.92	11.77	11.80
Oct.	11.55	11.55	11.52	11.52
Nov.	11.00	11.02	10.97	10.97
Dec.	11.40	11.40	11.40	11.40
Sal	es: 1.4	00,000 1	bs.	

Open interest at close Wednes-day, July 2: July 328, September 234, October 99, November 56, and December 45 lots.

#### MONDAY, JULY 7, 1958

July	12.40	12.42	12.40	12.42a
Sept.	11.75	11.80	11.75	11.75b
Oct.	11.52	11.52	11.47	11.47
Nov.	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Dec.	11.40	11.50	11.40	11.50a
Qla 1	AT . 080	000 The		

Sales: 960,000 lbs.
Open interest at close Thursday,
July 3: July 325, September 231,
October 99, November 53, and December 45 lots.

#### TUESDAY, JULY 8, 1958

9 413	-45	34.11	10.01	22.01
Sept.	11.75	11.80	11.75	11.77
Oct.	11.52	11.52	11.50	11.50
Nov.	11.00	11.00	11.00	11,00
Dec.	11.42	11.42	11.42	11,42
Sal	es: 1,0	00,000 1	bs.	

Open interest at close Monday, July 7: July 323, September 231, October 99, November 54, and De-cember 46 lots.

#### WEDNESDAY, JULY 9, 1968

July	12.45	12.55	12.45	12,52
Sept.	11.75	11.90	11.75	11.90ε
Oct.				11.551
Nov.	11.00	11.02	11.00	11,021
	11.35		11.35	11.50
Sal	es: 3.0	000,000	Ibs.	
On	on into	to tnow	ologo	Tuonday

Open interest at close Tuesday July 8: July 320, September 230 October 99, November 57, and De cember 46 lots.

#### THURSDAY, JULY 10, 1958 July 12.55 12.60 12.50 12.57 -57 Sept. 11.90 11.90 11.82 11.85

57 -60
Sept. 11.90 11.90 11.82 11.85
-80 -81 11.52 11.52 11.52
Nov. 11.62 11.62 11.62 11.62
Dec. 11.50 11.50 11.50 11.50
Sales: 2,000,000 lbs.
Open interest at close Wednesday July 291; Sept. 232; Oct. 99;
Nov. 55, and Dec. 47 lots.

#### CHGO. FRESH PORK AND PORK PRODUCTS

July 8, 1958

			(lel lb.)
Hams.	skinned.	10/12	. 48
			. 491/4
			. 50
	8, 4/6 11		
Pienie	s. 6/8 11	S	. 34
Pork	loins, bor	neless	.63 @65
Should	iers, 16/di	n., loose.	. 40
	(Job	lots, 1b.	)
Pork	livers .		23
	rloins, fre	sh. 10's.	.83 @85
Neck	bones, bb	18	.121/2@131/2
Ears.	30's		. 14
Feet,	s.c., bbl	8	. 9

#### CHGO. PORK SAUSAGE

MATERIALS-FRES	н
(To sausage manufacturer job lots only)	s, in
Pork trimmings,	
40% lean, barrels80	@30%
Pork trimmings.	
50% lean, barrels30	@311/
Pork trimmings,	
80% lean, barrels	44
Pork trimmings,	
95% lean, barrels	49
Pork head meat	38
Pork cheek meat.	
barrels	42

#### PACKERS' WHOLESALE LARD PRICES

Refined lard, drums, f.o.b. Chicago	91 F 00
Refined lard, 50-lb, fiber	φ10.0C
cubes, f.o.b. Chicago	
Kettle rendered, 50-lb. tins.	
f.o.b. Chicago	16.00
Leaf, kettle rendered	
tierces, f.o.b. Chicago	16.75
Lard flakes	
Neutral tierces, f.o.b.	
Chicago	16.50
Standard shortening,	
N. & S. (del.)	20.75
Hydro shortening, N. & S	

#### WEEK'S LARD PRICES

	P.S. or	Dry	Ref. in
	D. R.	rend.	50-1b.
	cash	loose	tins
	tierces	(Open	(Open
	(Bd. Trade	Mkt.)	Mkt.)
July	312.30n	11.50n	14.00n
July	4 Holiday,	no tradir	ig.
July	712.4214n	11.62\%n	14.25n
July	812.67 1/2 n	11.75n	14.50n
July	912.70	11.75n	14.50n

#### New Navy Contest Cites 'Best Mess'

The judges admit they had a hard job with all the messes putting their best foods forward, but they chose these first place winners among the Navy's general messes in the 1958 Nev Memorial Awards competition:

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USS Franklin D. Roosevelt (CVA 42), Naval Air Force, U. S. Atlantic Fleet, "Afloat Best Mess Award," and Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, "Ashore Best Mess Award.

Sponsor of the new annual Navy competition is the Executive Stewards' and Caterers' Association. The awards are named for the late Capt. Edward F. Nev. Supply Corps, USN, World War II director of the subsistence division, bureau of supplies and accounts.

The judges noted that meats aboard the Roosevelt had been roasted at low temperatures, which reduced shrinkage while maintaining the flavor of the meat.

#### PACIFIC COAST WHOLESALE PORK PRICES

Los Angeles July 8 FRESH PORK (Carcass): (Shipper style) 80-120 lbs., U.S. No. 1-3. None quoted 120-180 lbs., U.S. No. 1-3.\$39.00@41.00	San Francisco July 8 (Shipper style) \$39.00@40.00 38.00@39.00	No. Portland July 8 (Shipper style) None quoted \$37,00@38.00
LOINS, No. 1: 8-10 lbs. 57.00@60.00 10-12 lbs. 57.00@60.00 12-16 lbs. 57.00@60.00	58.00@60.00 60.00@62.00 58.00@60.00	62.00@65.00 62.00@65.00 62.00@65.00
PICNICS: (Smoked) 4- 8 lbs	(Smoked) 38.00@42.00	(Smoked) 39.00@44.00
12-16 lbs 53.00@60.00 16-18 lbs 53.00@59.00	60.00@64.00 $58.00@60.00$	53.00@57.00 54.00@58.00
BACON ''Dry' Cure, No. 1: 6-8 lbs	60.00@64.00 58.00@62.00 58.00@60.00	57.00@63.00 55.00@61.00 53.00@59.00
LARD, Refined: 1-lb. cartons18.00@19.75 50-lb. cartons & cans15.50@19.25 Tierces15.25@18.75	20.00@21.00 19.00@20.00 17.50@19.00	17.50@19.50 None quoted 14.50@17.50

#### N. Y. FRESH PORK CUTS

July 8, 1958

	Local
	Box lots, cwt.
Pork loins, 8/12	
Pork loins, 12/16	58.00@63.00
Hams, sknd., 12/16	52.00@56.00
Boston butts, 4/8	49.00@53.00
Regular picnics, 4/8	35.00@39.00
Spareribs, 3/down	54.00@58.00
(l.c.l. prices, cwt.)	Western
Pork loins, 8/12	59.00@62.00
Pork loins, 12/16	
Hams, sknd., 12/16	
Boston butts, 4/8	
Pienies. 4/8	
Spareribs, 3/down	52.00@56.00

#### N. Y. DRESSED HOGS

July 8, 1958

	()	Head	s on	, le	af	fat	: 11	1)	
	B	orrov	ws, g	ilts	١,	No.	1,	2	
50	to	75	lbs.			.837	.50	004	10.50
75	to	100	lbs.			. 37	.50	10	10.50
100	to	125	lbs.			. 37	.50	13/4	10.50
125	to	150	lbs.			. 37	.50	@	10.50

#### CHGO. WHOLESALE SMOKED MEATS

July 8, 1958
Hams, skinned, 14/16 lbs., (Av.) wrapped
Hams, skinned, 14/16 lbs., ready-to-eat, wrapped57%
Hams, skinned, 16/18 lbs., wrapped
Hams, skinned, 16/18 lbs., ready-te-eat, wrapped57
Bacon, fancy trimmed, brisket
off, 8/10 lbs., wrapped541/2
Bacon, fancy sq. cut., seed-
less, 12/14 lbs., wrapped53
Bacon, No. 1 sliced 1-lb. heat
seal, self-service, pkge, 674

#### **HOG-CORN RATIOS**

The hog-corn ratio based on barrows and gilts at Chicago for the week ended July 5, 1958 was 17.8, the U. S. Department of Agriculture has reported This ratio compared with the 17.3 ratio for the preceding week and 14.9 year ago. These ratios were calculated on the basis of No. 3 yellow corn selling at \$1.364, \$1.375 and \$1.327 per bu. during the three periods, respectively.

#### **EASTERN BY-PRODUCTS**

New York, July 9, 1958. Dried blood was quoted today at \$7.00@\$7.25 per unit of ammonia. Low test wet rendered tankage was listed at \$7.25@\$7.50 per unit of ammonia and dry rendered tankage was priced at \$1.90 per protein

# BY-PRODUCTS ... FATS AND OILS

#### BY-PRODUCTS MARKET

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RICES

No. Portland July 8

hipper style)

None quoted 37.00@38.00

62.00@65.00 62.00@65.00

57.00@63.00 55.00@61.00 53.00@59.00

17,50@19.50 None quoted 14.50@17.50

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(F.O.B. Chicago, unless otherwise indicated) Wednesday, July 9, 1958

Unground, per	unit	BLOOD of		
ammonia, b	ulk			8.00n
DIGESTER	FEED	TANKA	GE MATERI	ALS

# 

PACKINGHOUSE FEED	3
50% meat, bone scraps, bagged.	115.00
50% meat, bone scraps, bulk\$11	10.00@112.50
60% digester tankage, bagged	117.50
60% digester tankage, bulk	97.50@107.50
80% blood meal, bagged 1-	15.00@150.00
Steam bone meal, 50-lb. bags,	
(specially prepared)	95.00
60% steam bone meal, bagged	85.00

#### FERTILIZER MATERIALS

Footh	er tar	kaga	orno	und		
				ia	 	†5.75
						. \$6.00@6.50

#### DRY RENDERED TANKAGE

Rone		AND (				1	24 00
							2.00n
							2.10n 2.05n

# Bone stock (gelatine), ton 24.00 Cattle jaws, feet (non-gel.), ton 9.00e13.0 Trim bone, ton 12.00e17.00 Pigskins (gelatine, ewt.) 6.30 Pigskins (rendering), plee 15@25

# 

Cattle switches, per piece	3@31/2
Winter processed (NovMarch) gray, lb.	10a
Summer processed (April-Oct.) gray, lb.	5@6n

\*Delv'd, tc.a.f. Midwest, n-nominal, a-asked.

#### TALLOWS and GREASES

Tuesday, July 8, 1958

Inquiry for inedible tallow and grease material was rather scant, as some consumer's plants were still shut down for vacation periods. Sellers, however, were maintaining steady levels. Late last week a few tanks of bleachable fancy tallow traded at 73/4c, c.a.f. Chicago, and yellow grease at 7%c, c.a.f. East, on regular production. Original fancy tallow was bid at 8%c, latter destination, and offered at 8%c. Bleachable fancy tallow was bid at 81/4@83/sc, c.a.f. East on regular product, and 81/2c on hard body material, with offers held fractionally higher. Choice white grease, all hog, was bid at 81/2c, c.a.f. East, and offered at 83/4c. On Thursday special tallow sold at 71/sc, or 1/sc lower, and No. 1 tallow at 63/4 @6%c, also fractionally lower, all c.a.f. Chicago.

On Monday of the new week some edible tallow changed hands at 104c, f.o.b. River, and 11c, Chicago basis. Yellow grease was bid at 7%@74c, c.a.f. East, with product considered.

Trade talk continued on special tallow at 7\%@7\4c, and 6\%@7c, on No. 1 tallow, c.a.f. Chicago. Yellow grease was also bid at 6\%c, also c.a.f. Chicago.

A recovery was made in the price list on Tuesday, as some dealer interest was shown, especially for the medium and lower grades. A few tanks of special tallow sold at 7½c, c.a.f. Chicago, and original fancy tallow sold at 8%c, delivered New York. Yellow grease, regular production, was bid at 7½c, c.a.f. East.

Bleachable fancy tallow was bid at 8%@8½c, c.a.f. New York, and offered fractionally higher. The edible tallow market had fair trade at 9¾c, f.o.b. western points, moving to the west coast, 10¾c, f.o.b. River points, and 11c, Chicago. Special tallow was bid at 7½c, and 8c, c.a.f. East, product considered. A few more tanks of special tallow sold at 7¼c, and two tanks of yellow grease sold at 6¾c, c.a.f. Chicago. A tank of No. 1 tallow sold at 7c, also c.a.f. Chicago.

A spurt of activity showed at midweek, with eastern destination movement most active. Original fancy tal-

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  DETROIT
- ONtario 1-9000
   P.O. Box 2218, Brooklyn Station
  CLEVELAND
- VAlley 1-2726
   Lockland Station
   CINCINNATI
- P.O. Box 500 ALPHA, IOWA
- Elgin 2-4600
   P.O. Box 97
   CHATHAM, ONTARIO, CANADA

low was sold at 8%, regular production bleachable fancy at 8½c, and hard body at 8½c, all c.a.f. New York. Choice white grease, all hog, sold at 8c, c.a.f. Chicago, and at 8¾c, c.a.f. East. Bleachable fancy tallow sold at 7½c, special tallow at 7¼c, and No. 1 tallow at 7c, all c.a.f. Chicago. Bleachable fancy tallow was bid at 7¾c, f.o.b. Chicago, and at 7½c, c.a.f. Chicago. Yellow grease was bid at 7½@75%c, c.a.f. New York, the higher price on low acid material and talking 6¾@67%c, c.a.f. Chicago. Edible tallow was quiet.

TALLOWS: Wednesday's quotations: edible tallow 10¼c, f.o.b. River, and 11c, Chicago basis. Original fancy tallow 8½c, bleachable fancy tallow 7‰c, prime tallow 7‰c, special tallow 7‰c, No. 1 tallow 7c, and No.

2 tallows 61/4c.

GREASES: Wednesday's quotations: choice white grease, not all hog, 7%c, B-white grease 7%c, yellow grease 6%c 6%c, house grease 6%c and brown 5%c@5%c. Choice white, all hog, 8%c, c.a.f. East.

#### VEGETABLE OILS

Wednesday, July 9, 1958	
Crude cottonseed oil, f.o.b.	
Valley	12 pd & b
Southeast	ung.
Corn oil in tanks, f.o.b, mills	13 pd & b
Soybean oil, f.o.b. Decatur	9% pd & b
Coconut oil, f.o.b, Pacific Coast	13% pd
Peanut oil, f.o.b, mills	
Cottonseed foots:	24 76 10
Cottonseed roots.	
Midwest and West Coast	11/2
East	11/2
	- /-

#### **OLEOMARGARINE**

Wednesday, July 9, 1958	
White dom. vegetable (30-lb. cartons)	26
Yellow quarters (30-lb. cartons)	
Milk churned pastry (750 lbs., 30's)	
Water churned pastry (750 lbs., 30's)	
Bakers drums, ton lots	201

#### OLEO OILS

		We	dnesc	lay,	Ju	ly	9,	19	58		
Prime	oleo	ste	arine	(sla	ck	ba	rr	els	1		121/sn
Extra	oleo	oil	(drui	ne)						17%	@1814
Prime	oleo	oil	(drui	ms)						1714	@17%

n-nominal, a-asked, b-bid, pd-paid.

#### CHICAGO HIDE QUOTATIONS

CHICAGO HIDE	QUOT	AT	IONS
PACKER	HIDES		
We	dnesday,		or, date
Jul	y 9, 1958		1957
Lgt. native steers15			151/2
Hvy. nat. steers11		13	@131/2
Ex. lgt. nat. steers			21n
Butt-brand, steers	10		11
Colorado steers			101/2
Hvy. Texas steers 91			11n
Light Texas steers	13n		13n
Ex. lgt. Texas steers	16n		17n
Heavy native cows12			@141/2
Light nat. cows14	@161/9	153	6@17%
Branded cows11	@121/9	13	@14
Native bulls 71	%@ 81/n	81	60 9
Branded bulls 69	60 7%n	73	60 8
Calfskins:			
Northerns, 10/15	50n		91/21
10 lbs./down	47 1/4 n		411/2
Kips, Northern native,			
15/25 lbs	37n		33
SMALL PACK	ER HIDE	B	
STEERS AND COWS:			
60 lbs. and over10	@1016n		91/21
50 lbs12			13n
SMALL PACK	ER SKIN	8	
Calfskins, all wts	38	28	@ 29
Kipskins, all wts	30		29n

# HIDES AND SKINS

Packer hides showed considerable activity last week but volume of trading fell off early this week—Light trading for small packer and country stock—Trading was slow in calfskins and kipskins—Sheepskin sale; slow in developing and prices remained steady.

#### CHICAGO

PACKER HIDES: There was considerable activity in the hide market last Wednesday. Heavy native cows sold at 12c River and 121/2c low freight points, light cows sold at 14c Minnesota points, up 1/4c, and 141/2c Chicago and Wisconsin points, also up 1/4c. Other light cows sold steady at 161/2c River points. Heavy native steers sold steady at 12c and 121/2c as to points and light native steers sold steady at 15c and 151/2c, depending on points. Branded cows sold at 101/2c Northern basis, steady. Mixed packs of butts, Collies and branded cows sold steady. Chicago bulls, light average sold at 81/4c, up 1/4c. Lightweight Northern calf sold up 21/2c at 471/2c and the heavy Northern sold at 50c, steady. River light calf sold at 45c, heavy at 471/2c. There was some follow-up trading on Thursday at slightly higher prices. Branded cows sold steady at 12½c Southwest point. There was a fair movement of branded steers, mostly at steady prices, with some heavier average at an Iowa point at a discount. On Monday and Tuesday of this week the market was quiet. Wednesday trade included: Heavy native steers which sold steady for Fremont; butt brands and Colorados at 10c, and 9c, respectively; branded cows at 11c Northerns, up 1/2c; light native cows up 1/2c at 15c Sioux City and Ottumwa; light native steers at 15c Austin, and ex-light native steers at 181/2c Austin.

SMALL PACKER AND COUNTRY HIDES: There was fairly light trading in the small packer hide market with most selections remaining steady. The 50/52 lb. natives were quoted at 10@10½c nominal and the 60/62 lb. natives were quoted at 12½@13c nominal, the branded quoted at about 1½c less. The lockerbutcher, 50/52 lb. hides were quoted at 9c, and the No. 3's at 6@7c nominal. Horsehides were steady with the untrimmed listed at 7.75@8.25 nominal and the trimmed at 7.00@7.50 nominal. Fronts were quoted at 5.00 and the butts at 3.25.

CALFSKINS AND KIPSKINS: Trading was slow and steady. Last Wednesday, heavy Northern calfskins moved steady at 50c and 47½c for River. The lightweight Northern calfskins sold up 2½c at 47½c, and the River also sold up 2½c at 45c. Since last Wednesday there have been no reported sales and the heavy Northern calf were quoted at 50c nominal and the lightweight calf at 47½c nominal. Light Northern kips were quoted at 37c nominal and the overweights at 33c nominal. Small packer calfskins, all weights, were firmer and quoted at 38c. The small packer kip were quoted at 27c nominal.

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SHEEPSKINS: Sales were slow in developing and prices in the sheepskin market remained about steady. No. 1 shearlings were quoted at 1.00 @2.00, the outside price representing Southwestern stocks. The No. 2's were quoted at .65 and the No. 3's at .45. Dry pelts were nominally steady at .18. Fall clips remained steady and ranged from 1.90@2.50.

#### N. Y. HIDE FUTURES

Open	High	row	Close	9
. 11.70b	12.00	11.90	12.00	
. 12.20b	12.40	12.40	12.35b-	431
			12.50n	
: nine lo	ts.			
			12.40b-	556
. 12.75b	12.95	12.90	12.95	
		13.15	13.15	
			13,40b-	60,
. 13.25b			13.55b-	86
	Open . 11.70b . 12.20b : nine lo . 12.75b . 12.95b . 13.10b	Open High .11.70b 12.00 .12.20b 12.40 	Open High Low 11,70b 12.00 11.90 12.20b 12.40 12.40 : nine lots. 12,75b 12.95 12.90 12,95b 13.15 13.15 13.10b	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

FRIDAY, JULY 4, 1958
Independence Day
No trading in hide futures
MONDAY, JULY 7, 1958

July	11.90b			11.90b-12.1	
Oct	12,25b				50a
Jan				12.40n	
Sales:					
July	12.30b			12.35b-	60a
Oct				12.85b-13.0	
Jan					20a
Apr	13.25b				40
July				13.50b-	60
Sales:					
	TUESI	DAY. J	ULY 8, 1	958	
July	11.90b			11.90b-12.	10a
Oct					45a
Jan				12.40n	
Sales:					
July	12,35b				60s
Oct	12.85b			12,85b-13.	
Jan	13.05b			13.10b-	30a
Apr	13,25b				45a
July	13.45b			13.50b-	601
Sales:	none.				
	WEDNES	BDAY.	JULY 9,	1958	
July				11.85b-12.	05a
Oct	12.20b				40u
Jan				12.45n	
Sales:					

July	12.25b			12.25b-	50s
Oet	12,85b			12.80b-	90a
Jan	13.05b	13.02	13.02	13.02	
Apr	13.25b			13,20b-	40a
July	13,45b			13.40b-	60a
	one lot.				
	THURS	DAY, J	ULY 10.	1958	
July	11.85b	11.95	11.95	11.92b-	124
Oct	12.30b			12.30b-	464
Jan				12.45n	
	12.25b			12.25b-	55a
	. 12,80b		12.85	12.82b-	954
	one lot.				
Jan	. 13.00b	13.00	12.97	12.97b-1	3.15e
	13.20b			13.15b-	
	13.40b		****	13,35b-	
	four lo	ts.			

NOTE: Upper series of months each day old contracts; lower series, new contracts.

# LIVESTOCK MARKETS ... Weekly Review

#### Sheep Cost To Packers In May Below 1957; Others Up

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No. 2's No. 3's

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Close

.90b-12.10a 2.25b- 50a 2.40n

.90b-12.10a .25b- 45a .40n

.85b-12,05a .30b- 40a

.45n

8 .92b-.30b-.45n .25b-.82b-

.97b-13.15a .15b- 35a .35b- 55a

h day old

12, 1958

2.00 2.35b-2.50n

S

Packers operating under federal inspection in May found prices on all livestock considerably higher than in the same month of 1957.

Average cost of cattle in May at \$24.30 was 27 per cent higher than in 1957; calves at \$25.37 cost 35 per cent more than in 1957; hogs at \$21.22 had 120 per cent of the 1957 value, and sheep and lambs averaging \$19.82 cost 3 per cent less per cwt. than in April, 1957.

The 1,468,000 cattle, 438,000 calves, 4,444,000 hogs and 1,122,000 sheep and lambs slaughtered in May had dressed yields of:

	May 1958 1,000 lbs.	May 1957 1,000 lbs.
Beef	831,369	927,328
Veal	54,126	71,738
Pork (carcass, wt.) .	835,530	911,286
Lamb and mutton	54.820	52,639
Totals		1.962,991
Pork, excl. lard		657,319
Lard production		186.287
Rendered pork fat		8,195

Average live weights in May 1958-57 were as follows:

	May 1958 lbs.	May 1957 lbs.
All cattle	. 1,005.6	990.9
Steers1		1,029.4
Heifers <sup>2</sup>	. 888.9	860.9
Cows	. 1,000.3	961.6
Calves	. 221.8	219.9
Hogs	. 245.9	244.8
Sheep and lambs	. 99.4	94.5

Dressed yields per 100 lbs. live weight for May 1958-57 were:

ent Per cent	
6.5 56.4	
6.0 56.5	
6.6 76.4	
9.4 49.4	
5.7 38.2	
1	ent Per cent 3.5 56.4 3.0 56.5 3.6 76.4 0.4 49.4 4.5 15.6

Average dressed weights of livestock compared as follows (lbs.);

		May 1958	May 1957
Cattle	************		558.9
Calves	*************		124.2
Hogs	**************		187.0
Sheep	and lambs	. 49.1	46.7
-			

Included in cattle.
\*Subtract 7.0 to get packer style average.

#### LIVESTOCK AT 59 MARKETS

A summary of receipts and disposition of livestock at 59 public markets during May 1958 and 1957, as reported by the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

CATTLE

Salable Total Local

	receipts	receipts	slaughter
May 1958	1,234,696	1,466,009	753,742
April 1958	1,284,146	1,489,903	770.673
May 1957	1,378,644	1,654,215	982,505
JanMay 1958.	6,370,903	7,429,218	3,995,165
JanMay 1957.	6,874,896	8.087.336	4,854,247
5-yr. av. (May			
1953-57)	1,452,817	1,750,501	985,857
	CALVI	ES	
May 1958	174,192	231,189	104,300
April 1958	189,941	238,786	117,928
May 1957	231,402	306,639	167,712
JanMay 1958.	985,675	1.251,050	611,400
JanMay 1957.	1.264.388	1.634,501	947,803
5-vr. av. (May	-11	-1	
1953-57)	277,052	365,796	209,333
	HOG	S	
May 1959	1.656,807	2,304,414	1,595,118
April 1958	1,887,361	2,579,629	1.847.052
May 1957	1.880,917	2,570,990	1,877,723
JanMay 1958.	8,919,517	12,494,958	8,925,997
JanMay 1957.	9,717,108	13,590,184	9,963,144
5-yr. av. (May			
1953-57)	1,688,596	2,319,459	1,625,687
8	HEEP &	LAMBS	
May 1958	563,562	1.025,839	539.732
April 1958	595,643	988,463	543,647
May 1957	572,494	1.015.220	564,757
JanMay 1958.	2,696,795	4,625,827	2,450,233
JanMay 1957.	2,794,527	5,016,816	2,731,513
5-yr. av. (May			
1953-57)	566,397	1,119,225	600,957

#### CALIFORNIA STATE INSPECTED SLAUGHTER

State inspected slaughter of livestock in California, May 1958-57, as reported to The National Provi-

													1958	May	1957
Cattle.	head												35,548		37,333
Calves,										٠			19,852		25,088
Hogs,	head					٠							17,256		16,501
Sheep,	head	9	۰	۰	0		٠	٠	4		9	0	45,013		41,497

Meat and lard production for May 1958-57 (in lbs.) were:

Sausage Pork and b	eef								321,315 667,128	5,820,100 7,847,390
Lard, subst	itut	e	1						680,013 668,456	616,05 14,283,55

As of May 31, 1958, California had 119 meat inspectors. Plants under state inspection totaled 367, and plants under state approved municipal inspection totaled 55.

#### KINDS OF LIVESTOCK KILLED

†Classification of livestock slaughtered under federal inspection in May 1958, compared with April 1958 and May 1957, is shown below:

Ma 19	1y 58	Apr. 1958 - Per Cent -	May 1957
Cattle:		Ter cont	
Steers 56	3.6	56.4	56.4
Heifers 16	3.1	16.3	14.4
Cows 21		25.5	27.0
Bulls and Stags	1.8	1.8	2.2
Total <sup>1</sup> 10	0.0	100.0	100.0
Canners & Cutters2 10	0.7	11.2	14.5
Hogs:			
Sows 1	1.1	7.8	12.1
Barrows and Gilts 88	3.4	91.7	87.5
Stags and Boars	.5	.5	.4
Total <sup>1</sup> 10		100.0	100.0
Sheep and Lambs:			
Lambs & Yearlings 93	3.6	96.2	93.9
Sheep		3.8	6.1
Total110		100.0	100.0

†Based on reports from packers.

<sup>2</sup>Totals based on rounded numbers.

<sup>2</sup>Included in cattle classification.

#### Canada Lard, Tallow Output Up In January-March 1958

Canadian production of lard and tallow was up 17 and 11 per cent, respectively, in the first quarter of 1958—largely because of a gain in hog and cattle slaughter. Canadian imports of lard from the U. S. consequently dropped sharply.

In the first three months of 1958, U. S. lard exports to Canada totaled 2,271,920 lbs., a decline of 66 per cent from the 6,654,648 lbs. shipped during the same period last year.

#### **U. K. Meat Imports Decline**

United Kingdom meat imports dropped about 13 per cent during the first quarter of 1958 from the same period in 1957. However, as a result of increased domestic production and reduction in stocks, especially beef, domestic meat consumption increased. At present, any significant expansion in beef production seems unlikely this year.



DRESSED BEEF
BONELESS MEATS AND CUTS
OFFAL

SUPERIOR PACKING CO.

GEO. S. HESS R. Q. (PETE) LINE
INDIANAPOLIS HOG MARKET

## HESS-LINE CO.

HOG ORDER BUYERS EXCLUSIVELY TELEPHONE MELROSE 7-5481

HESS-LINE CO.

EXCHANGE BLDG. INDIANAPOLIS STOCK YARDS INDIANAPOLIS 21, IND.

#### PACKERS' PURCHASES

Purchases of livestock by packers at principal centers for the week ended Saturday, July 5, 1958, as reported to the National Provi-

CHICAGO Armour, 4,518 hogs; shippers, 8,977 hogs; and others, 10,368 hogs. Totals: 19,931 cattle, 237 caives, 23,863 hogs and 2,905 sheep.

	KANS	AS CIT	TY Y	
	Cattle	Calves	Hogs	Sheep
Armour	2,211	217	1.209	944
Swift	2,219	241	2,471	3,057
Wilson .	1,017		3,376	***
Butchers	4,064	54	1,892	170
Others .	124	***	807	***
Totals	9,635	512	9,755	4,171
	ST.	PAUL		
	Cattle	Calves	Hogs	Sheep
Armour	4,177	1,331	8,928	1,170
Bartusch	736			
Rifkin .	620	16		***
Superior	1,140		***	***
Swift	3,903		12,616	891
Others .	3,179	1,192	9,925	297
Totals	13,755	3,463	31,469	2,358

0		MA C		
		Calves		
Armour	787	36	108	237
Wilson .	1.200	95	306	683
Others .		62	908	
Totals*	3.722	193	1.322	920
*Do no	t inclu	de 675	cattle	, and
32 calve	s. and	3,979	hogs.	and
556 sheep				
		-		

sueeb	direc	t to be	ickers.	
	N. S.	YARD	8	
	Cattle	Calves	Hogs	Sheen
Armour	956	210	4,993	601
Swift			5,012	1,953
Hunter .	620		1,852	
Heil	***		848	
Krey			2,065	
Totals	3 194	1.007	4.770	2,554
a o tuao	.,			=,00=
		WOR		
	Cattle			
Armour		768	874	1,207
Swift		745	877	2,358
City	360		***	***
Rosenthal	139	9	***	***
Totals	2,202	1,522	1,751	3,565
		HVER		
	Cattle	Calves	Hegs	Sheer
Armour	285	***		1,336
Swift	1,048	4	2,355	8,20
Cudaby .		6	3,248	***
	659			
Others .	4,193	34	170	370
Totals.	7,023	44	5,773	5,72

Totals.	7,023	44	5,773	5,72
	LOS A	NGEL	ES	
	Cattle	Calves	Hogs	Shee
Cudahy .			120	
United .	471		185	
Atlas	436			
Gr. West	. 391			
Quality .	201			
Acme	190			
Goldring	197			
Harman	198			
Ideal	187	***		
Federal	139			
Coast	102		171	
Clough'y			309	
Klubnikin	109	69		
Star	104			
Others .	458	69	111	
Totale	3 103	138	808	

Totals 3,	193	138	896	
	OM	AHA		
C	attle	Re.		
	Calve		ogs	Sheep
Armour	5,59		.931	1,824
Cudahy	3,139		.014	884
Swift	3,36		.208	3,083
Wilson	3,52		,739	1,252
Neb. Beef.	59		,,,,,,	
Am. Stores	1.09			***
Cornhusker	72			***
O'Neill	91		***	***
R. & C	1.03		***	***
Eagle	20		* * *	***
Gr. Omaha.	71			***
Hoffman			***	
Rothschild.	88		* * *	* * *
Poth	82		***	* * *
Roth			***	* * *
Kingan	58	9	* * *	* * *
Dr. Beef.	49			
Omaha Pkg.				***
Union		0	***	***
Corrigan	7.4		,280	
Hanley			,193	* * *
West	* *	. 5	,748	***
Egan-				
Anderson	* *		971	***
Totals	25,45	1 24	1,089	7,043

	MILV	VAUKE	E	
	Cattle	Calves	Hogs	Sheep
Packers			2,466	553
Butchers.	2,348	955	379	128
Totale	9.451	9.759	9 948	001

#### CORN BELT DIRECT TRADING

Des Moines, July 9-Prices on hogs at 14 plants and about 30 concentration yards in interior Iowa and southern Minnesota, as quoted by the USDA:

quotes	wy c	446		2721	
Barrows,	gilts,	U.S	. N	0. 1-3:	
180/200			85	21,75@23.	.65
200/220	lbs.		!	23.00@23	.90
220/240	lbs.		:	22.50@23	.70
240/270					.80
270/300	lbs.			21.25@22	.70
Sows, U.S	8. No.	1-3			
270/330	lbs.		:	20.60@21	.90
330/400	lbs.			19.35@21	.15
400/550				17.10@19	
Came	11	. 1.			

Corn belt hog receipts, as reported by the USDA:

		This week	Last	Last
July	3	21,000	29,000	47,500
July	4	Holiday	25,000	25,000
July	5	33,000	52,500	61,500
July	7	57,000	52,500	29,000
July	8	47,000	67,000	32,000
July	9	45,000	53,000	32,000

#### LIVESTOCK PRICES AT LOUISVILLE

Livestock prices at Louisville on Wednesday, July 9 were as follows:

CATTLE:	Cwt.
Steers, choice	325.50@27.00
Steers, good	
Steers, stand,	
Heifers, good	
Cows, util. & com'l.	18.00@19.00
Cows, can. & cut	
Bulls, util. & com'l.	22.50@23.50
VEALERS:	
Choice	28.00@29.00
Good & choice	27.00@30.00
Calves, gd. & ch	
HOGS, U.S. No. 1-3:	
190/200 lbs	23.00@23.23
200/220 lbs	23.00@23.23
220/235 lbs	23.00@23.23
230/260 lbs	22.75@23.00
Sows, U.S. No. 1-3:	
300/400 lbs	19.00@19.50
400/600 lbs	18.00@18.5
LAMBS:	
Choice & prime	24.50@26.00
Good & choice	
Utility	

#### LIVESTOCK PRICES AT INDIANAPOLIS

Livestock prices at Indianapolis on Wednesday, July 9, were as follows:

CATTLE:	Cwt.
Steers, gd. & ch	
Steers, std. & gd	
Heifers, gd. & ch	
Cows, util. & com'l.	
Cows, can, & cut	
Bulls, util, & com'l.	22.00@24.00
Bulls, cutter	18.50@22.00
VEALERS:	
Good & prime	25,00@28,50
Stand. & gd	21.00@25.50
Cull & util,	10.00@21.00
HOGS, U.S. No. 1-3:	
140/160 lbs	20.00@22.00
160/180 lbs	22.00@22.75
180/200 lbs	23.25@23.75
200/220 lbs	23.75@24.00
220/240 lbs	23.75@24.00
240/270 lbs	
270/300 lbs	
Sows, U.S. No. 1-3:	
180/300 lbs	21.50@22.50
300/360 lbs	19.50@22.00
360/450 lbs	19.50@22.00
LAMBS:	
Choice & prime	95 00@95 50
Good & choice	
Good & Choice	20,004(20,0)

#### WEEKLY INSPECTED SLAUGHTER

Slaughter of livestock at major centers during the week ended July 8, 1958 (totals compared) was reported by the U. S. Department of Agriculture as follows:

Special P number 13 cent 5, 1956

Kan. Omaha N.S. St. Jo Sioux Wichit New J Jer. Okla. Cincin Denve St. Pa

Tota

Chica; Kan. Omah N.S. St. J

St. J Sioux Wich New Jer Okla.

live

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All

N

41

Cottle	Colum	***************************************	Sheep
Cattle	Calves	Hogs	Lamb
Boston, New York City Area 1 10,377	8,500	36,925	31,34
Baltimore, Philadelphia 6,058	901	20.194	3,17
Cin., Cleve., Detroit, Indpls 15,535	6,277	71.595	14,250
Chicago Area 21,329	5,605	29,468	3,941
St. Paul-Wis. Areas <sup>2</sup> 23,387	11,761	56,567	6,978
St. Louis Area <sup>3</sup> 9.048	1,740	45,480	4,400
Sioux City-So. Dak Area4 18,076		42,421	9,656
Omaha Area <sup>5</sup> 27,627	132	55,268	9.575
Kansas City 10,856	1.379	20,164	6,373
Iowa-So. Minnesota <sup>6</sup> 25,617	6,434	194,800	18,576
Louisville, Evansville, Nashville,	-,		20,010
Memphis 9,169	6.174	32,148	
Georgia-Alabama Area 4,274	2.069	16.478	344
St. Jo'ph., Wichita, Okla. City 14,445	1,549	29,179	5,722
Ft. Worth, Dallas, San Antonio 10,296	5.591	10.984	15.742
Denver, Ogden, Salt Lake City8 13,666	338	10.315	18,636
Los Angeles, San Fran. Areas 15,514	1.928	16,678	17,133
Portland, Seattle, Spokane 4.730	289	7.441	6,963
Grand Totals240,004	60,667	696,105	172,454
Totals same week 1957273,906	78,717	655,417	208,981
Ungludes Brooklyn Vowerk and Iosean	City 2Incl	udos St	Dani o.

¹Includes Brooklyn, Newark and Jersey City. ²Includes St. Paul, St. Paul, Minn., and Madison, Milwaukee, Green Bay, Wis. ¹Includes St. Louis National Stockyards. E. St. Louis, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo. ¹s. cludes Stoux Falls, Huron, Mitchell, Madison, and Watertown, S. Datalincia St. Lincoln and Fremont, Nebr., and Glenwood, Iowa. ¹Includes abset Lea, Austin and Winona, Minn., Cedar Rapids, Davenport, Be Moines, Dubuque, Esterville, Fort Dodge, Marshalltown, Mason Cit, Ottumwa, Postville, Storm Lake and Waterloo, Iowa. ¹Includes Blimisham, Dothan and Montgomery, Ala., Albany, Atlanta, Moultrie, Thomsville and Tifton, Ga. ¹Includes Los Angeles, San Francisco, So. Su Francisco, San Jose and Vallejo, Calif.

#### LIVESTOCK PRICES AT 11 CANADIAN MARKETS

Average prices per cwt. paid for specific grades for steers, calves, hogs and lambs at 11 leading markets in Canada during the week ended June 28 compared with the same week in 1957 were reported to the Provisioner by the Canadian Department of Agriculture as follows:

	-			e repo				
y the Car	nadian	Depa	rtmen	t of A	gricult	ure as	follov	vs:
*	GO	OD	VE	AL	HOG	Se.		231
		ERS	CAL		Grad		LAN	
de colemando	A		Good		Dres	sed	Go	
Stockyards	Wei 1958	1957	Cho 1958	1957	1958	1957	Handyy 1958	veights 1957
Toronto	\$23.01	\$19.60	\$27.99	\$21.37	\$31.00	\$32.25	\$24.73	\$25.20
Montreal		19.50	26.55	19.00	31.05	33.10	26.55	24.80
Winnipeg	. 22,56	18.39	24.29	21.54	28.75	32.50	22.27	
Calgary	21.60	17.55	25.85	22.20	27.78	31.45	21.80	21.55
Edmonton .	21.00	17.30	24.00	23.00	28.55	32.40	20.50	22.80
Lethbridge	21.50	17.35	25.00	22.25	27.80	31.50		21.00
Pr. Albert	20.50	16.90	23.75	22.00	27.00	31.00	23.25	20.75
Moose Jaw	. 21.00	16.30	23.50	20.50	27.00	30.75	18.00	20.00
Saskatoon .	21.10	16,75	24.00	22.00	27.00	31.00		16.75
Regina	26.60	16.40	20.50	21.00	27.00	31.50		****
			24.50	20.25			23.00	22.54

<sup>\*</sup>Canadian government quality premium not included.

#### SOUTHERN RECEIPTS

Receipts of livestock at six southern packing plant stockyards located in Albany, Moultrie, Thomasville, Tifton, Georgia; Dothan, Alabama and Jacksonville, Florida, during the week ended July 4:

0	3 4	Cattle	Calves	Hogs
Week ended July	4	1,484	301	7,19
	re days)		412	10,07
Corresponding wee	k last year	1.464	315	3.36

#### LIVESTOCK PRICES AT SIOUX CITY

Livestock prices at Sioux City on Wednesday, July 9, were as follows:

CATTLE:	Cwt.
Steers, prime	28.50@30.50
Steers, choice	26.25@27.50
Steers, good	24.00@25.50
Heifers, ch. & pr	25.75@26.50
Heifers, good	23.00@25.00
Cows, util, & com'l.	18.00@20.50
Cows, can. & cut	16.00@18.00
	20.50@23.00
Bulls, util. & com'l.	
Bulls, cutter	20.50@23.00
HOGS, U.S. No. 1-3:	
180/200 lbs	23,50@24.25
200/220 lbs	23.75@24.25
220/240 lbs	23.50@24.25
240/270 lbs	23.25@24.00
Sows, U.S. No. 1-3:	
270/330 lbs	22.00@22.25
330/400 lbs	
400/550 lbs,	20.75@21.75
LAMBS:	
	00 00 00 00 00
Good & choice	22.00@23.75
Yearlings, gd. & ch	21.50@23.50

#### LIVESTOCK PRICES AT ST. JOSEPH

Livestock prices at St. Joseph on Wednesday, July 9, were as follows: CATTLE:

CALLE:	CW1.
Steers, gd. & ch	\$25.00@27.00
Steers, std. & gd	. 24.00@25.00
Heifers, gd. & ch	. 25.00@26.3
Cows, util, & com'l	. 18.25@20.50
Cows, can. & cut	
Bulls, util. & com'l	. 21.00@22.75
VEALERS:	
Good & choice	. 24.00@28.00
Calves, gd. & ch	. 22.00@26.00
HOGS, U.S. No. 1-3:	
180/200 lbs	. 23.00@24.00
200/220 lbs	. 23.25@24.25
220/240 lbs,	. 23.25@24.2
240/270 lbs	. 23.00@23.75
Sows, U.S. No. 1-3	:
270/360 lbs	. 21.50@21.7
360/450 lbs	21.50 only
LAMBS:	
Good & prime	. 24.00@25.00
Yearlings, gd. & ch	. None quoted
-, -	

#### SLAUGHTER REPORTS

he week

orted by

Sheep 4 I.ami, 31,34 3,171 14,254 3,94 6,976 4,402 9,654 9,571 6,373 18,574

Paul, 80.
3 Includes 8. Mo. 41.
n, S. Dat.
nncludes Alnnport, Des
Iason City,
es Birminge, Thomaso, So. Sa.

ARKETS ades for

arkets in red with ovisioner llows: LAMBS Good ndyweight 958 1957

4.73 \$25.20 6.55 24.00 2.27 1.80 21.55 0.50 22.80

3.25 8.00

3.00 22.50

ng plant

rille, Tif-

Florida,

RICES

s at St.

day, July

25.00@27.00 24.00@25.00 25.00@26.73 18.25@20.50 15.00@18.25 21.00@22.73

24.00@28.00 22.00@26.00

23.00@24.00 23.25@24.25 23.25@24.25 23.00@23.75

21.50@21.78 21.50 only

24.00@25.00 None quoted

12, 1958

EPH

Special reports to the NATION-AL PROVISIONER showing the number of livestock slaughtered at 13 centers for the week ended July

	13 centers for the we	ek ende	d July
eep &	5, 1958, compared:		
31,34	CATTLE	3	
3.17	Week		Cor.
3,171 14,250	ended	Prev.	week
3,94)	July 5	week	1957
6,976	Chicagot	22,924	22,115
4,40	Kan. City: 10,147	10,431	11,864
9,656	Omaha*1 24,696	26,970	26,533
9,575	N.S. Yards: 4,201	5,979	8,380
6,373	St. Joseph‡	11,063	9,556
18,57	Sioux Cityt. 11.744	13.622	12,198
93	Wichita*\$	2,926	1,938
***	New York &		11 000
5,722	Jer. City†	5,127	11,830
15,742		3,367	7,742 3,927
18,630	Cincinnatis . 3,337 Denvert 7.023	11,638	8,770
17,133	Denver‡ 7.023 St. Paul‡ 10,576	15,095	12,675
6,963	Milwaukeet. 3,413	4,254	2,570
72,454	Milwaukee+. 5,115	A1400 A	2,010
08,983	Totals 76,759	133,396	140,098
1, 80.	HOGS		
cludes	Chicagot	21,468	13,306
. 4In-	Kan. City: . 9,755	11,660	10,745
Dak.	Omaha*1 31,777	34,199	28,374
es Al-	N.S. Yards: 14,770	25,332	21,021
. Des	St. Josephi	20,122	10,634
City,	Sioux Cityt. 17,731	21,064	6,482
Omas-	Wichita*1	10,457	5,869
. San	New York &		00 007
	Jer. City† Okla. City*‡ 5,301	7,811	32,227
	Okla, City 5 5,801		5,920
-	Cincinnatis . 6,010	10,011	8,852
PRO	Denvert 5,773 St. Pault 21,544	7,580 $29,112$	7,139 17,110
EIS	Milwaukeet. 2,815	3,479	2,471
	Milwadacca. 2,010		-,-,-
for	Totals115,476	202,295	169,797
ts in	SHEE	P	
with	Chicagot	3,819	2,746
	Kan. Cityt . 4,171	4,218	8,178
oner	Omaha*1 6,848	9,419	6,784
	N.S. Yardst 2,554	3,734	4,292
S:	St. Josephi	5,901	8,731
	Sioux Cityt. 1,603	2,135	1,990
BS	Wichita*‡	8,581	4,12
d	Jer. Cityt		37,80
eights	Okla, City*‡ 1,476	1,607	3,47
1957	Cincinnatis . 189	412	32
\$25.2	Denvert 5 728		19,18
24.00	St. Pault 2,061	3,737	1,16
91 5	Milwaukeet. 681	815	29
21.55			-
21.00	Totals 25,311	54,171	99,10
20.75	40		
20.00	*Cattle and calve	8.	
16.75	†Federally inspe	cted al	aughter
	including directs.	for loca	l element

\*Cattle and caives, †Federally inspected slaughter, including directs, †Stockyards sales for local slaugh-ter, §Stockyards receipts for local slaughter, including directs.

#### CANADIAN KILL

Inspected slaughter of livestock in Canada for the week ended June 28: CATTLE

Western Canada Eastern Canada		1957 18,307 15,883
Totals	35,929	34,190
HOG	S	
Western Canada	48,543 44,214	$\frac{40,637}{41,456}$
Totals	92,757	82,093
graded1	101,176	88,762
SHEE	ep.	
Western Canada Eastern Canada	2,252 4,365	$3,051 \\ 3,977$
Totals	6,617	7,028

#### **NEW YORK RECEIPTS**

Receipts of salable livestock at Jersey City and 41st st. New York market for week ended July 5:

Cattle (	Calves	Hogs*	Sheep
Salable 62 Total (incl.	31	444	6
directs)2,418 Prev. wk.:	171	12,034	2,777
Salable 88 Total (incl.	55		• • • •
directs) 2,926	197	15,323	2,050

\*Includes hogs at 31st Street.

#### CHICAGO LIVESTOCK

Supplies of livestock at the Chicago Union Stockyards for current and comparative periods:

#### RECEIPTS

	Cattle	Calves	Hogs	Sheep
July	210,675	109	9,589	1,346
July	3 531			531
July	4	Ho	liday-	
July	5 92		813	3
July	7., 23, 495	143	9.470	2,107
	8 5,000	100		
	914,000	100	8,500	1,000
	ek so		34.34.0	
fai	42,495	343	26,970	5,107
Wk.	ago.39,485	418	25,114	3,851
Yr.	ago.44,213	708	29,222	5,467
	ncluding 45			
and	144 sheep	direct	to pac	kers.
	SHT	PMENT	PS	

		OTTL	The same T	60	
July	3	3,305	59	1,619	183
July	4	-	-Hol	liday-	
July	5	167		1.083	59
July	7	5.982	2,671	2,071	459
July	8	4,000		3,000	100
July	9	5,000	2,000	2,000	200
Week	80				
		4 4 600	F 071	750	

far14.3	982	1,071	198	
Wk. ago. 14,	199	175	6,275	31
Yr. ago.16,	869	48	6,074	69
JUI	LY	RECEI	PT8	
		1958		1957
Cattle		60,129		71,94
Calves		625		1,27
Hogs				48,99
Sheep		7,931		9,37
lur	Y 8	HIPM	ENTS	
		1958		1957
Cattle		27,067		32,58
Hogs		14,957		11.86
Sheep		1,192		76

#### CHICAGO HOG PURCHASES

Supplies of Chicago, week	hogs purcha	used at July 9:
	Week ended July 9	Week ende 1 July 1
Packers' purch Shippers' purch		$\substack{16,024 \\ 11,092}$
Totals	27,847	27,116

#### LIVESTOCK RECEIPTS

Receipts at 20 markets for the week ended Friday, July 4, with comparisons: Totals, 1957 6,929,000 10,985,000 4,014,000

#### PACIFIC COAST LIVESTOCK

Receipts at le markets, week	ading I ended	Pacific July 4	Coast
Cattle	Calves	Hogs	Sheep
Los Ang3,465 N. P'tland.1,800 San. Fran 380	360	940 925 300	3,150 2,200

#### Farmers Received 40% of 1957 Food Dollar-USDA

Farmers received 40 per cent of the money consumers paid for food in 1957, and "marketing charges" accounted for the remaining 60 per cent, the U.S. Department of Agriculture reported this week.

The USDA defines "marketing charges" to mean whatever part of the price does not go to farmers, including processing and retailing costs, transportation costs and sales markups.

#### LIVESTOCK PRICES AT LEADING MARKETS

Livestock prices at five western markets on Monday, June 30 were reported by the Agricultural Marketing Service, Livestock Division, as follows:

HOGS:		N.S. Yds.	Chicago	Kansas City	Omaha	St. Paul
BARROW	8 &	GILTS:				
U.S. No. 120-140	1-3:	\$20.50-21.50	None atd	None and	Vone etd	N
140-160	lbs	21.50-22.75	None qtd.	None qtd.	None atd. None atd.	None atd. \$21.75-22.25
160-180 180-200	lbs	23.25-24.25	23.00-24.50 \$	23 00-24 00 \$	Nore atd. 23.25-24.25	22.00-23.25 23.00-24.50
200-220 220-240	lbs	23.00-24.00	23.75-24.50 23.50-24.50	23,25-24.00	23.75-24.50 23.50-24.50	23.25-24.50 23.25-24.50
240-270	lbs	22.50-23.75	23.25-24.00	22.75-23.75	23.25-24.00	22.50-24.50
270-300 300-330	lbs	None qtd.	22.50-23.50 21.75-22.75	None qtd.	22.25-23.50 21.50-22.50	21.75-24.00 None qtd.
330-360 Medium:	lbs	None qtd.	None qtd.	None qtd.	None qtd.	None qtd.
160-220	lbs	None qtd.	None qtd.	None qtd.	None qtd.	22.00-22.75
sows:						
U.S. No. 180-270	1-3:	21.00 only	None atd.	None atd.	None otd.	Nore atd.
270-300 300-330	lbs	21,00 only	21.75-22.00 21.25-21.75	20.50-21.00 20.50-21.00	21.50-22.00 21.25-22.00	22.00-22.75 21.50-22.25
330-360	Ibs	. 20.50-21.00	20.50-21.50	20.00-20.50	20.50-21.75	21.00-21.50
360-400 400-450	lbs.	19,50-20,25	19.75-20.75 19.25-20.00	19.50-20.00 19.00-19.75	20.00-20.75 19.25-20.25	19.25-21.25 19.00-20.00
450-550 Boars &		. 19.00-19.75	18.25-19.50	18.75-19.50	18.75-19.50	18.25-19.25
all wt	8	None qtd.	None qtd.	None qtd.	None qtd.	None qtd.
SLAUGHT STEERS:	ER	CATTLE &	CALVES:			
Prime: 700- 900	The	. None qtd.	None atd.	None qtd.	None qtd.	None atd.
900-1100	The	None atd	28.00-29.50	None atd.	None atd.	None atd.
1100-1300 1300-1500	lbs.	None qtd. None qtd.	28.25-28.50 27.00-28.50	None atd. None atd.	None atd. 27.50-29.25	None atd. None atd.
Choice: 700- 900	Tha.	27.00-27.25	25,00-26,50	26.00-27.50	26.50-27.50	26.00-27.00
900-1100 1100-1300	lbs.	27.25-27.50 27.06-27.50	26.00-27.50 27.00-28.00	26.25-28.00 26.25-28.00	26,50-27,50	26,50-27,50
1300-1500 Good:	lbs	27.00-27.50	26.25-27.50	26.00-27.75	25.50-27.50	
700- 900	lbs	24.50-25.50	26.25-26.75	23.75-26.25	24.00-25.50	24.00-26.00
900-1100 1100-1300	lbs	24.50-25.00 24.50-25.00 24.00-25.00	24.50-26.00 24.00-26.00	23.75-26.25 23.50-26.00	24.00-25.50 21.00-24.00	24.00-26.00 24.50-26.00
	d.	. 22.00-24.00		23.50-26.25	22,50-24,00	21.50-24.50
Utility.	ts	. 21.00-22.00	18.25-21.00	21.00-23.75	21.00-22.00	20.00-21.50
HEIFER	S:					
Prime: 600-800	the	28,00 only	27.75-28.25	None qtd.	None atd.	None atd.
800-1000 Choice:	lbs	27.75-28.00	27.50-28.00	None qtd.	None qtd.	None qtd.
800-1000	lbs lbs	26.50-27.00 27.00-27.50	26.50-27.55 24.00-27.00	25.50-27.50 25.75-27.50	26.25-27.28 25.75-27.00	
Good: 500- 700 700- 900	lbs.	24.00-28.00 23.50-25.00	24.00-27.00 23.25-24.50		23.75-25.56 28.50-25.56	
Standar	ď.	23.00-24.00			21.50-28.7	
Utility.						
cows:		None qtd.	20.00-22.00	None qtd.	17.50-20.0	19.00-21.50
Commer all w			20.00-21.25	19.50-20.50	None qtd.	None qtd.
Utility,	ets.	17.50-19.00	0 20.00-21.25 0 15.00-19.00 0 15.00-18.00	17.50-19.50		20.00-21.00
Can. &	cut.	. 14.00-18 0	0 15.00-18.00	14.50-17.50	15.50-17.5	
BULLS	(Yrls	s. Excl.) All	Weights:			
Good Comme		None qtd.	23.50-25.00	None atd. 21.50-22.50	None atd. 22.00-23.2	15.50-17.50 5 22.00-23.00
Utility			5 20.00-22,50	20.00-21.50	20,50-22,5 20,00-21,5	0 21.50-24.00
VEALE	RS.	All Weights		20.00-21.00	20.00-21.0	21.00-25.00
Ch. & Stand.	pr	28.00-31.5 d. 25.00-28.0	0 26,00-28.00	26.00-28.00 22.00-24.00		0 29.00-32.00 0 24.00-29.00
CALVES	(50	0 Lbs. Dow	m)·			
Ch. &	pr.	24.00-27.0 d. 17.00-23.0	0 25.00-26.00 0 24.00-25.50	24.50-26.00	None atd. 24.00-25.0	27.00-28.00 0 24.00-27.00
SHEEP				20.00	22.00 20.0	
LAMBS	(110	bs. Down	: N	N7	27	04 40 04 5
Prime Choice		None qtd. 23.00-24.5	None qtd. 0 22.00-23.0	None qtd. 22,00-23,50	None qtd. 23.25-24.0	24.50-25.50 0 24.00-24.50 0 23.00-24.60
		21.50-23.5	0 21.50-22.0	0 20.50-22.50	22.00-23.5	0 23.00-24.00
YEARL Prime	INGS	S, (Shorn): 20.00-21.5 19.00-20.0	0 22.00-22.50	None qtd.	None atd.	21.00-21.50
			0 21.00-22.00	21.50-23.00	20.00-21.5	0 20.00-21.00
EWES Gd. &	ch.	rn): 5.00- 6.5 1 3.50- 5.5	0 5.00- 6.00 0 4.00- 5.00	0 6.00- 7.00 0 4.00- 6.50	5.50- 7.0 3.50- 6.7	0 5.50- 6.50
Cull 8	uti	1 3.50- 5.5	0 4.00- 5.00	4.00- 6.50	3.50- 6.7	5 2.50- 5.50
						Name and Address of



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"Oh, boy," said Pete the Packer, "I'll bet they're in a flap. That wolf's a'howling at the door,





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"I try to give consumers

The best meat in the store

I'm sure I've found the answer.

They all come back for more."



#### Pete's Profit Platform

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Pure I-ascorbic acid Roche\* Is sure to please the nation. It guards the color, protects

the meats-A first class recommendation. My hams, my bacon, and my franks, Corned beef, all luncheon meat Keep fresh, true color for days and days Look good enough to eat.

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FROM SOUTH AMERICA: Arriving in August, ready for work—experienced, only thirty seven years young, but already have twenty two years of meat packing experience with one of the major packers in the U.S.A. and in South America, versed and specially trained in modern meat packing accounting field including general business administration, personal handling, systems and organization, coating, deptl. P&L, auditing and finance. Please write for a copy of a complete resume of my qualifications. I am travelling light, so let us meet at my expense. It would be a pleasure to come to a mutual agreement with you. W-281, THE NATIONAL, PROVISIONER, 527 MADISON AVE., NEW YORK, 22, NEW YORK.

#### MANAGER

Twenty-eight years practical experience covering all phases of packinghouse management and operations, livestock buying through sales. Capable of giving you efficient, profitable results, W-277, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 15 W. HURON ST., CHICAGO 10, ILL.

SUPERINTENDENT: Experienced—both large and small houses, Resume of background and references furnished, Will relocate, W-261, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 15 W. Huron St., Chicago 10, Ill.

CONSULTANT SERVICE
PACKINGHOUSE EXECUTIVE: Thoroughly experienced in management and all operations available short periods your plant, solve your problems quickly, results guaranteed, W-276, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 15 W. HURON ST., CHICAGO 10, ILL.

SUPERVISOR: Casings production, Thirty years experience, every phrase casings production, including costs. Hog, beef, sewed casings, related products. Available August first. W-273, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 15 W. HURON ST., CHICAGOG 10, ILL.

SAUSAGE MAN: Years of experience with large and small packers. Cost and production mined, willing to go any where but eastern and central states prefered. Excellent records available now or later. W-290, THE NATIONAL PROVI-SIONER, 15 W. HURON ST., CHICAGO 10, ILL.

#### POSITION WANTED

Sausage Manufacturing Consultant: Can improve products, costs, yields, ellminate many manufacturing problems. Experienced all phases sausage and smoked meats. Train personnel, handle complete operation. Services available Southeastern area. W-275, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 15 W. HURON ST., CHICAGO 10, ILL.

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#### MICROPIOLOGIST

Progressive Manufacturer of proceesed meats requires experienced Bacteriologist for recently created Research and Development Department. Position will involve some quality control, as well as research work. Write fully as to: Education, Age, Experience, and personal background to

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P.O. Box 388

SAUSAGE MAKER: All-round capable man who knows how to get results and is not afraid of hard work. Requirements—must be a sausage maker, have a high school education or better, must be able to handle personnel, know costs, take on responsibilities. An excellent opportunity for quick advancement and a goed position in a medium sized plant located in Detroit, Michigan Give full particulars, W-263, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 15 W, Huron St., Chicago 10, Ill.

SALESMAN WITH CAB: To cover established territory in northeastern U.S. Must have experience selling seasonings, cures, binders and specialty items, Our company is well established in this business, Salary, expense and car allowance. Write Box W-207, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 527 Madison Ave., New York 22, N.Y.

EXPERIENCED ACCOUNTANT WANTED: Must have packing house experience, Good salary, W-282, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 15 W. HURON ST., CHICAGO 10, ILL.

#### HELP WANTED

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TO TAKE CHARGE: Of entire office of a far
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cessing company in mid Atlantic state. A position
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pected. Age is no barrier. All replies held
strictly confidential. W-262. THE NATIOM
PROVISIONER, 15 W. Huron St., Chicago 10. III

#### SALES MANAGER

EXPERIENCED: Sales manager wanted to tak full responsibility of established branch how operation for progressive midwest packer, 6th full details of experience. W-251, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 15 W. Huron St., Chicago 10, IL guie 8101

CATTLE BUYER: Experienced in country bying and terminal markets. Wanted by small progressive packer in the Chicago area, eiproposition for a good man. W-278. THE M-TIONAL PROVISIONER, 15 W. HURON ST. CHICAGO 10, ILL.

WANTED: Capable cost minded man to mass midwestern packing plant. Age no barrier. Must be able to take over for busy owner. W-25. THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 15 W. HURO'S ST., CHICAGO 10, ILL.

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RENDERING COOKER WANTED: 5 x 9 or 5 x 12. Please give all pertinent information. EW-269. THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 15 W. Huron St., Chicago 10, III.

#### EQUIPMENT FOR SALE

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6833—Ditto, \$1500.00. \$1500.00. 6774—Ditto, Serial #86TO-655-45200EC. Price:

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Ditto, Serial #5010.00.

Model 8-11 Hayssen Automatic Wrapping Machine, Serial #9909-R, 220 volts, 60 cycle, 3 phrase, ¼ HP drive motor, Price:

Machine, Serial #9609-R, 220 volts, 60 cycle, 3 phrase, % HP drive motor, Price: \$1000.00, -11 Hayssen Carton Wrapping Mathews Serial #9784, 220 volts, 60 cycle, 3 phrase, 1/3 HP motor drive, Price: \$1000.00, -Model M, P. U. Corley Miller Semi-Automatic Wrapping Machine, Serial #6070-49, 1/3 HP motor, 115 volts, 60 cycle, 1 phrase motor drive, Price: \$600.00, -Model M, P. U.S. -24 Corley Miller Wrapping Machine, Serial #702452, 115 volts, 60 cycle, 1 phrase, 1/3 HP motor drive, Price: \$800.00, -Model M, P. U.S. -24 Corley Miller Wrapping Machine, Serial #702452, 115 volts, 60 cycle, 1 phrase, 1/3 HP motor drive, Price: \$800.00, -Model J, S. U. Glove Package Wrapping Machine, Serial #6006, % HP, 220 volts, 60 cycle, 3 phrase motor drive, Price: \$800.03, -Electrostatic Smoking & Production Ma-

800.00.

Electrostatic Smoking & Production Machine, with Power Pack and U. S. Varidrive Motor, V. HP. 220 volts, 60 cycle, 3 phrase, Price: \$3000.00.

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All prices f.o.b. Waterloo. For more information, write to

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All of the above listed equipment is in good working condition.

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#### Rendering & Lard

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Generator, oil fired, uses #6 oil, 100 mmax. W.P.,
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10", 75 HP. 225 rpm synchronous mtrs., ea.\$2,500.00
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Firestone Tire & Rubber Company 12 First Spice Mixing Company, Inc. 13 Ford Motor Company 34 French Oil Mill Machinery Company, The 8
General American Transportation Corporation
Harding Market Co., John P.       9         Heller and Company, B.       1         Hercules Mfg. Co.       4         Hess-Line Company       5         Hoffmann-La Roche, Inc.       8         Hollywood Plastic Arts, Inc.       1         Homestead Turkey Company       4         Hunter Manufacturing Company       6         Hygrade Food Products Corporation       6
Koch Equipment Co
Le Fiell Company
Meat Packers Equipment Co.  Metropolitan Fats & Oils, Inc.  Mid-West Wax Paper Company  Morton Salt Company
Oakite Products, Inc
Packers' Package, Inc
Rath Packing Company, The
St. John and Co.  Sanfax Company, The Sioux City Dressed Beef, Inc. Smith's Sons Co., John E. Stange Co., Wm. J. Superior Packing Company Sutherland Paper Company Fourth Cour
Tee-Pak, Inc.
U. S. Industrial Chemicals Co
Wallerstein Company, Inc
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